

THOUSANDS OF GERMAN DEAD AND WOUNDED ARE LEFT ON BATTLEFIELD DURING FLIGHT

Terrific Slaughter Follows an Attempt to Cross River Marne by Pontoon

Bridge Retreated

Five Germans Killed for Each Ally; Rout, as Given by French War Office, Complete Along Whole Line; Paris Now Has No Fear of Being Attacked

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The allies, following up their recent successes, today forced the German invaders to continue the retirement of their right flank and center from the east of Paris. The Germans abandoned much equipment and at the same time sacrificed many prisoners and left their wounded where they lay.

The British were again prominent in the pursuit in which, besides taking a large number of prisoners, they captured 11 cannon while the French took another German regimental flag. The German troops further east maintain their positions but are being vigorously assailed.

The government has ordered the commandeering of all automobiles for the purpose of transporting troops and munitions to the front. The committee of the allies is working without hitch.

Five Germans for One Ally.
All who have witnessed the combat agree that around the Marne five Germans were killed for each soldier of the allies. The Germans tried desperately to cross the Marne near Meaux. French engineers had blown up the bridges, and when the Germans threw pontoons across the river the famous three-inch shells of the French demolished the structures before they could be used. Sixteen times the Germans repulsed the effort under a raking fire of shot and shell.

Parious onslaughts, sometimes by night, were made by the Germans against the allies in the vicinity of Vitre-le-Francois.

Allies Impregnable.
Three great German armies, commanded by General von Kluck, the Crown Prince Frederick William and the Duke of Wurttemberg, effected a junction and repeatedly hurled thousands of men against the allies. The French and British offered an equally vigorous resistance, eventually compelling the Germans to withdraw. The fighting continued throughout last night, and the allies' position, it is understood, was improved today.

A rain storm caused great difficulties in the marshy districts, but did not stop operations. The fusillades of the troops and the artillery duel proceeded all day. It is believed the repulsed Germans suffered more than the allies. The storm, as they were withdrawing, was accompanied with baggage and ammunition wagons.

Official Statement.
The French official statement follows:

"As we have already announced, a battle has been taking place since September 6 over a front extending in a general way from Paris to Verdun. From the very outset of this action the German right wing, the army commanded by General von Kluck, which on September 6, had reached the district north of Provins, was obliged to fall back because of the danger of being enveloped. By its clever, rapid movements this army was succeeding in escaping from the allies' grip and was throwing itself with the greater part of its force against our enveloping wing to the north of the Marne and the west of Compiègne. But the French troops which were operating in

POINCARÉ PROTESTS USE OF DUMDUMS BY GERMAN ARMY

BRUSSELS, Sept. 11 (midnight).—President Poincaré today called President Wilson as follows:
"Mr. President: I am informed that the German government has sought to surprise your excellency's good faith by collecting that dumdum balls are manufactured in the French state factories and used by our soldiers. This calumny is but an audacious attempt to reverse roles."

Germany has since the beginning of the war, used dumdum bullets and violated daily the law of nations. On August 10, and several times since, we have had occasion to bring these acts to the notice of your excellency and the powers signatory to the Hague convention.
Germany, who knew of our protests, today seeks to confuse the issue and furnish herself being pretenses for fresh acts of barbarity.
In the name of alighted laws and of outraged civilization, I send your excellency my indignant protest.
(Signed) "RAYMOND POINCARÉ"

Grand Duke Nicholas, Commander-in-Chief of Russian Army



TOMASZOW IS CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS; RETREAT CUT OFF

Austro-German Forces Are Surrounded by Czar's Mighty Army; Austrian Rear Attacked by Muscovites

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—Tomaszow has been taken after a desperate fight.

The German troops near Mysinec and Chorsze, Russian Poland, have been repulsed with heavy losses.

The Russian troops have taken by assault the fortified position of Opolie and Turubin, Russian Poland, and pursued the enemy a distance of 25 miles. Russian cavalry is still driving the rear guard of the enemy.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—It is announced that the Russian troops have succeeded in separating the left wing of the Austrian army from the troops which were operating around Tomaszow and Rawa, in Russian Poland.

Army Surrounded.
LONDON, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—The Austro-German forces, which were operating near Tomaszow, are now surrounded by the Russian army.

SEMLIN IS TAKEN BY THE SERVIANS

AUSTRIANS SURPRISED BY ATTACK

Great Enthusiasm Prevails in Nish Over Coup of the Little Nation

NISH, Serbia, Sept. 10.—The Serbians occupied Semlin, across the river from Belgrade, this morning after a bloody battle.

Semlin is an important town of Austria-Hungary in Slavonia. It is located on the tongue of land formed by the junction of the Danube and the Sava, opposite Belgrade, Serbia, with which it was connected by a railway bridge across the Sava.

It was from Semlin that the Austrian infantry and artillery, in conjunction with the monitors on the river, began their fighting on July 29 against the Serbians. The Serbians, early that morning blew up the bridge connecting Semlin with Belgrade. An intermittent bombardment, according to reports, has since been kept up by the Austrians in Semlin on Belgrade.

Austrians Surprised.
ROME, Sept. 11.—The capture of Semlin by the Serbians had long been planned and the operations were conducted with great ability. According to a dispatch received here, the Serbians had been preparing for the capture of Semlin for some time. The Serbians, it is said, had been preparing for the capture of Semlin for some time. The Serbians, it is said, had been preparing for the capture of Semlin for some time.

GERMANS IN HASTY RETREAT NORTH TO PREVENT FLANKING MOVEMENT

Allies Capture Large Stores and Many Prisoners; Whole German Line Reported to Be Giving Way Northeast of Paris

BRYAN CALLS ON TURKISH INVOY FOR EXPLANATION

ADMITS SITUATION IN TURKEY IS GRAVE

Abrogation of Treaties Only Step to Assert National Rights, He Says

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—President Wilson early today wrote Secretary Bryan to inquire of A. Rustem Bey, the Turkish ambassador, if a recently published statement attributed to him was authentic. The ambassador had a long conference with Mr. Bryan at the state department, after which the secretary conferred with the president.

The ambassador, it is understood, explained that the statement as published was accurate, but was intended in no way to reflect on the United States government. It was understood that with the explanation, the incident will be closed.

During the day there had been published reports to the effect that the recall of the ambassador might be a sign of the Washington government's attitude toward the Turkish situation. The ambassador, it is understood, explained that the statement as published was accurate, but was intended in no way to reflect on the United States government. It was understood that with the explanation, the incident will be closed.

Much Rest in Press.
In the absence of all restrictive censors in the press laws of the United States in regard to the treatment of foreign countries, I adopted the only course available to induce the United States press to take a more serious view of its relationship to Turkey.

War Means End of Great Britain of German Empire
Former Nation Is Preparing to Wage Struggle to the Bitter End.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Under the auspices of the National Liberal and Constitutional clubs, two great rival political organizations of the metropolis, an enthusiastic meeting was held tonight in support of the prime minister's call for recruits. The chief speakers were Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, P. E. Smith, director of the official press bureau, and Will Crooks, labor leader in the house of commons.

NEW YORK BANKERS PAY OFF CITY'S DEBT

National Patriotism and Civic Pride Wipe Out Foreign Indebtedness

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Within a few hours after the board of estimate and apportionment had adopted today a plan for the city to borrow \$100,000,000 with which to pay off in gold a foreign indebtedness of approximately \$100,000,000, and other financing debts, J. P. Morgan and company, syndicate managers of the loan, turned over to the city chamberlain a check for \$100,000,000.

End Now is Near.
The Austrian army, resting on the fortified center at Grodek, still maintains the stubborn fight, but the end must be near for this force also, for the arrival of fresh troops from the front of the army and the knowledge that the Russians have now got between them and the retreating left wing of the original line of battle, cannot fail to complete the demoralization of the forces, which have now been for 10 days (LONDON) in a defensive action against an ever increasing number of Russians.

The number of Russians now in Russia is so enormous that it is becoming necessary to send them further and further east. A large number are being sent toward Siberia.

Battle of Marne, Stretching From Paris to Verdun, Proves Turning Point in Great Struggle; Kaiser's Troops Forced to Flee North as Rapidly as They Swept South Toward French Capital—Russians Claim Important Victories in the Eastern Theater of War

The German right wing and its army in the center are still retreating before the allies in France, according to a French official report. Guns, men and stores are said to have been captured by the allies.

Semlin, in Austria, across the river from Belgrade, has been taken by the Serbians.

The Russians claim to have taken Tomaszow, Russian Poland, and report that they have repulsed the German near Chorsze and Mysinec.

Newspaper dispatches report a portion of the German army in Belgium in dire straits for want of foodstuffs.

Petrograd says the Russians have succeeded in separating the Austrian left wing from its main body near Tomaszow and Rawa, in Russian Poland.

President Poincaré of France has sent a cablegram to President Wilson denying that the French are manufacturing and using dumdum bullets, as was charged by Emperor William.

SAFETY OF THE MARNE.
The battle of the Marne, which is now being fought, is the most important battle of the war. It is the only battle in which the German army has been defeated. The battle of the Marne, which is now being fought, is the most important battle of the war. It is the only battle in which the German army has been defeated.

FORCED TO FLEE NORTH AS RAPIDLY AS THEY SWEEP SOUTH.
With General von Kluck, also, according to French official report, the right wing of the German army, which is now being fought, is the most important battle of the war. It is the only battle in which the German army has been defeated.

GERMANS IN DANGER OF BEING SURROUNDED.
It seems that had the German army on its left moved anywhere near as quickly as he did, the battle of the Marne might never have been fought. However, faced by a strong British-French force and with another French force advancing from Paris threatening its flank and his communications, General von Kluck was compelled to withdraw northward and then fight the French on the river Oise. In the fighting, according to the French reports, a number of German guns, hundreds of prisoners and part of the German transport were taken.

WAR MEANS END OF GREAT BRITAIN OF GERMAN EMPIRE.
Former Nation Is Preparing to Wage Struggle to the Bitter End.

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WHOLE FRENCH ARMY AT HEELS OF INVADERS.
In their retirement, Generals von Kluck and von Buelow had at their heels the French army, which they went south to fight, and which, when the Germans started to fall back, quickly advanced and took the offensive. While the fighting must have been severe, the really hard blows of the battle appear to have been struck between Vitre-le-Francois and Sennece.

POSSSESSION OF HILLS GREAT STRATEGIC MOVE.
It was for the possession of these hills that the French fought hard early in the battle, and it was here that daily a fight occurred which first went in favor of one side and then the other. It is believed here that this retreat (Continued on Page Four.)

"Doc Bird Says"



We are always looking at your side of the drug question. We want you to look at our side of it.

We can't "boost" Nyal's Family Remedy too highly. Try a bottle Nyal's Tonic, \$1.00.

And if you use it once you'll use it again.

A remedy for every ill and every remedy guaranteed.

"The sweetness of low price seldom equals the bitterness of poor quality."

D.Y. Butcher Drug Co.

PHONES MAIN 90 AND 750
CORNER OPPOSITE P. O.

Quickest Delivery Service in This Town

THE FRANKLIN CALENDAR

SEPTEMBER 11.

As to your spelling, don't let those laughing girls put you out of conceit with it. "The best in the world" for every letter stands for something.

(Philadelphia letter to Miss Catherine Ray, Block Island.)—1755.

CITY BRICKS

"RADION" Have you tried it?

DR. JAMES H. BROWN has moved his office from 78 First National Bank Bldg. to 724 N. Tejon St.

REGULAR Saturday night dance at Modern Woodmen hall by United Ardians.

"SOME THINGS THE MODERN MINISTER KNOWS, BUT DOES NOT TELL HIS CONGREGATION"—Rev. Thomas Robbitt preaches Sunday morning, 11 o'clock, All Souls church. You are invited to hear facts not generally known to laymen.

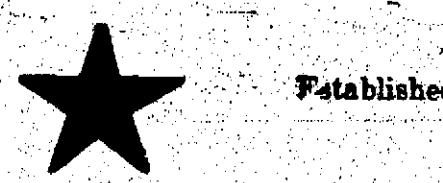
ATTENTION C. C. ALTMINI—The annual reception given under the auspices of the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. at the beginning of the college year will be held this evening in Consett hall. It is the earnest desire of the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. that all in the vicinity attend.

MARRIAGE LICENSE—A marriage license was issued yesterday to Morris D. Wright and Velma O. Meyers, both of Colorado Springs. A license was granted yesterday at Buffalo, N. Y., to Walter R. Hood, Colorado Springs, and Cora Mendenhall, Mount Vernon, Ia.

CHURCH PICNIC—The picnic of Emmanuel Presbyterian church and Sunday school will be held in Monument park, just north of the lake, tomorrow afternoon. All members of the church and Sunday school, home department and cradle roll departments, and friends are invited. Picnic supper will be eaten at 5 p. m.

CIVIC LEAGUE—There will be an open meeting of the Civic League in the council chamber of the city hall this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. All citizens who are interested are cordially invited. The speakers will be James L. Bennett, of the playground committee, and Mrs. O. H. Basley, who served as spokeswoman this summer.

BIDS RECEIVED—The county commissioners have received bids for work on the Nevada avenue bridge, as follows: Smith & McDowell, Pueblo, \$15,600; John Stevenson, Colorado Springs, \$19,200; Pueblo Bridge company, Pueblo, \$16,700. Owing to the absence of Commissioner Banta, the



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(ONE LARGE PLACE, OR SUBDIVIDED)

160 Acres

BEAUTIFUL CANON

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Easy of Access

PHONES 350-351

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, LOANS
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PUEBLO PARK AVE.

terday afternoon the contract was not awarded.

No charge for storing your awnings from the winter with the Enterprise Tent & Awning Co. Phone 1264, 1264 S. Nevada Ave. Arv.

Today is the day! Buy a Girard cigar and get the GIRARD smile. Adv.

EXCURSION RATE TO DENVER

For the benefit of those wishing to attend the meeting of the Masonic bodies and the "Billy" Sunday meetings in Denver, week of September 14 to 20, the Colorado & Southern lines have granted a special round trip rate of \$2.25. Tickets may be purchased in advance at city ticket office, 119 West Pikea Peak Ave. Good going September 14, 15 and 17, leaving limit of September 20.

Personal Mention

C. C. Hamlin left last night for Salt Lake City on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Wilson and R. P. Livy of Keene, N. H., are in Colorado Springs on their way to Redlands, Cal., by automobile. The travelers left New Hampshire several weeks ago and are making the journey by easy stages in a seven-passenger touring car. They will go to the Grand Canon of Arizona from here.

Perry W. Seip, route agent for the Wells Fargo Express company with headquarters in Wichita, Kan., returned to his home yesterday after a trip through the mountains with his wife.

Private locked rooms for storage of household goods. The Pikea Peak Transfer and Storage Co. Phone 160. Adv.

TO OUR VISITORS

On leaving the city, remember that, by calling at 21 N. Tejon St., you can check your baggage to destination, thus avoiding annoyance and delay at station. Wandell & Lowe Transfer and Storage Co. Adv.

We can save you money on wall-paper. Hedrick Wallpaper and Paint Co., 212 N. Tejon. Phone M. 1284. Adv.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

VERY desirable 4-room apartment, steam heated, laundry, store room, janitor service. Apply Janitor, GLADSTONE.

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EMBALMERS
PRIVATE AMBULANCE
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SODA FOUNTAIN
Complete French-Jazzette

HAVE YOU tried the delightful dinner we are serving every day? The cafeteria is just off the dining room.

PHEIPS

117 E. Elgin

Fish for Friday

For fresh fish tomorrow we will have Lake Trout, Mountain Trout, Rainbow Trout, Salmon, and Channel Cat.

Chesapeake Oysters.

Hayman Market

14 S. TEJON
Fancy Market Goods
CALL MAIN 57

Kipperd Salmon

35c lb.

Here's a most delightful prepared dish. It is not as "smokey" in flavor as other smoked fish, and the meat is very white, tender and delicate. It is delicious just warmed up, and there are many tempting dishes that may be prepared with it.

Try it today. You'll like it.

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PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE
112-114 N. Tejon St.

The Craftwood Shoppe

3345 V-1

19 E. Pikea Peak Ave.

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You do not wear our label on the outside of your shoes, but somehow or other you can tell that it's there. It is a label that says the right thing.

J. H. GARDNER SHOE CO.

The laboring classes of Seattle live principally on vegetables, with occasionally bread and a little dried fish.

Coming!
To the "Princess"
Tuesday, Sept. 15th

A "WORTH WHILE EVENT"

Watch the papers

SAN LUIS SCHOOL

For girls and boys, reopen Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1914. All district units. Academic classes for girls only. Principal may be seen mornings at the school, corner Cache la Poudre at 1st and Nevada avenues. Afternoons by appointment. Circulars upon application. Telephone Main 1895.

HAVE YOUR CAR

Insured after noon, 1914. You get avoid serious trouble. Our choice shop is fully equipped.

BIG 4

AUTO CO.
Opposite Antler.

UPRIGHT PIANO.....\$125.00
(\$2.00 per month)
New pianos for rent. Rent applied on price.

Knight-Campbell Music Co.

122 N. TEJON ST. PHONE 333

Winter Rates

10 Rooms, \$12 per month
10 Rooms, \$15 per month
10 Rooms, \$20 per month
10 Rooms, \$25 per month
10 Rooms, \$30 per month
So long as they last

Alta Vista Hotel

Our motto: "Highest quality in all grades. Best services in all cases. Lowest prices at all times."

119-120 E. Elgin, East Ave. Telephone M. 1243. The Fairley Undertaking Co.

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511 East Columbia

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Michigan Blvd. and Twenty-third Street
CHICAGO

300 Outside Rooms. Out-of-town trade solicited.

Warden & Wallack, Proprietors
G. M. Burbank, Resident Manager

SPECIAL SALE ON PEONIES AND PHLOX PLANTS

Wm. Clark

2110 West Ave. Phone 618

GIDNINGS KIRKWOOD

GIDNINGS BROS

An Invitation to View the New Wooltex Garments

TO STYLE SEEKERS: If you have not received a Wooltex Style Book by mail, call at our Ready-to-Wear Department and get one. This book of fashions is published to show you the most popular and approved styles for fall and winter wear. The models pictured in the style book are the selections of the Wooltex style organization, with the assistance of Madame Savaria, director of the Wooltex Fashion Bureau in Paris.

We commend a careful study of the style book to every woman who appreciates outer garments that combine quality, materials and skillful tailoring with correct, refined style.

NOW, whether you have seen the pictures in the style book or not, come and see the garments themselves. We like to have you try them on to see how you yourself look in them quite regardless of your intention to buy. For we are proud of Wooltex; proud of the styles; proud of the tailoring; proud of the pure silk and pure wool fabrics; proud of the splendid values we can offer at such reasonable prices; proud of the very extraordinary guarantee of TWO FULL SEASON'S SATISFACTORY SERVICE that applies to every Wooltex garment.

Won't you come in today and see them first? You can't help but like the new styles.

Women's and Misses' Sport Hats

We have just received a large shipment of women's and misses' Sport Hats, in quite the smartest and most becoming hats for street and outing wear that we have ever shown. They are made of the new Softing materials, faced with velvet, the new Duvetine cloth, broadcloth and velvets, with stitched brims, soft crowns and velvet bands. In all the new and popular shades. Prices ranging from \$3.50 to \$8.50

See our new line of Stretched Velvet Hats for children.

New Rah Rah Hats, in all colors, for children.

New line of the popular Tartan Tans.

Millinery Department, 2nd floor.

OUR FAMOUS \$5.00 MILLINERY

Another new collection of fresh, new models in all black, others with the fashionable white trimmings, and stiff others with the metallic finishes. Altogether a charming assemblage.

Golden Rule Cash Grocery

Sugar has begun to advance again. Better take advantage of our sale today.

13 Pounds Fine Granulated Sugar with any sized order \$1.00

Another fresh lot of Extra Fancy Elberta Peaches.....20c

Get your Concord Grapes before they go higher; our price today is.....30c

1 Box Fine Wild Plums.....80c

100 Pounds Large Divide Potatoes.....\$1.50

15 Pounds Large Divide Potatoes.....25c

6 Pounds Fancy Virginia Sweet Potatoes.....25c

1 lb. Santos Pea Berry Coffee for.....30c

3 lbs. Best Head Rice.....20c

4 10c pkgs. Macaroni.....20c

4 10c Corn Flakes.....10c

2 cans new crop Daisy Peas for.....20c

3 cans Hawaiian Pineapple for.....55c

Morrell's Breakfast Bacon, per pound.....27c

Morrell's Pioneer Bacon, per pound.....20c

Extra Fancy Blood Plums, per crate.....\$1.10

3 boxes Matches.....10c

10 lbs. Fancy Dry Onions.....25c

1 20c bottle Pickles.....15c

2 cans Heinz Spaghetti.....25c

1 lb. Tea, Japan or English Breakfast.....40c

6 lbs. Fresh Bulk Oats.....25c

Please give us your orders for over Sunday today, so we can get them out before the big rush.

Tracy & Stewart

128 S. NEVADA PHONE 904

Golden Glow Butter

A Home Product

Delivered direct from our dairy to your home.

Phone Main 1184 and 619

CHAS. H. LIPSCOMB

Successor to G. H. Pettison

Best of goods sold at a moderate profit for cash only.

Loveland Patent Flour, cwt.....\$2.75

Kansas Seal (Hard Wheat Flour), cwt.....\$2.95

10 bars Diamond C Soap for.....25c

13 pounds Sugar.....\$1.00

PHONES 260-261 24 N. TEJON ST.

GAZETTE, 60c A MONTH

Odd and Ends of Corsets 1/2 Price

To close out all Corsets that are slightly soiled from handling, and discontinued models, we offer them at exactly Half Price. The lot consists of Corsets of the following well-known makes: La Grecque, Gossard, Warner and Irene. They are odds and ends, only ones, and 1/2 of a kind. Regular prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$8.50. On sale at.....1/2 Price

New Fall Dress Goods Unusual Values, Yard \$1

Our showing of Early Fall Dress Woolens at \$1.00 a yard are the best values obtainable at a moderate price. There is a wide range of colors, in the following weaves: Wool crepps, pebble cloth, crepe poplins, serges, dark plaids and black and white checks; widths from 42 to 43 inches; most unusual values at, per yard.....\$1.00

OTHER NEW WEAVES GOOD VALUES AT, YARD, \$1.50 TO \$3.00

Everyone Knows

Where to go when he is a bit hungry and must satisfy that hollow feeling.

Our luncheonette is quite satisfactory.

Meet me at Paris-Wood's.

The Gazette Delivered for 60c per Month

The Best Money Could Do

IN THIS CLASS OF HOUSE
NOT A COMMONPLACE JOB
BUILT FOR THE HOME
OF A
MAN WHO KNOWS
AND WAS ABLE TO DO
A MODERN RESIDENCE
2 STORIES STEPPING PORCH
FULL LOT; GARAGE
MUST GO. WHAT'S YOUR BID?

The Bennett-Shellenberger Realty Company

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"Clothes Are Half the Battle"

When a man is in search of "style," he will find it in the clothes he wears. The man who has that particular air of prosperity about him which is quite noticeable.

A. D. & F. SUIT

will give you that "I-know-what-I'm-about" air, because of its total "differentness" in mode, material and tailoring.

ONLY \$15 AND \$20 NO EQUAL

See the New Bonnets for men and young fellows \$2 and \$3

Get Acquainted With **THE DRESS** 23 North Tejon St.

THOUSANDS OF GERMAN DEAD AND WOUNDED ARE LEFT ON BATTLEFIELD DURING FLIGHT

(Continued From Page One)

take the offensive, and in the course of last night the enemy stopped fighting on the front between the marsh of St. Gond and Sommesonne district and fell back in the region west of Vitre-le-Francois.

Little Change in Northeast.

On the Orain river, as between the Argonne forest and the river Meuse, where the armies of France and Germany were operating, fighting was still going on with alternate advances and retreats, but without any real change in the situation.

Thus the first phase of the battle on the Marne is turning out in favor of the allied armies, since the German right wing and center at present are in retreat.

On our right the situation remains without notable change in the Vosges and beyond Nancy, which the Germans have tried to bombard with some long range guns.

The general situation has thus been completely transformed during the last two days, both from strategic and tactical points of view. Not only have the troops stopped the German march, which they thought was a vigorous one, but they have fallen back before us at every point.

Situation in France.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The following official communication was issued here tonight:

"On the 11th of the war our situation was very favorable. We have taken 11 guns."

HOUSE DISREGARDS WAR TAX OPPOSITION

Bill Completed and Will Come Up for Debate Next Tuesday

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Disregarding opposition from some of their colleagues to the proposed tax on freight transportation, Democrats of the ways and means committee completed the war revenue bill today without vital changes, and it will be introduced tomorrow by Chairman Underwood. The bill will be called up Tuesday for debate, when a special rule to expedite its passage probably will be offered.

Efforts were made today to exempt from the freight tax farm products en route to market, but the proposal was rejected on the ground that it would kill the effect of the tax entirely and open it to amendments of all sorts.

"No one wants this bill," said Mr. Underwood. "We don't want any kind of a tax, but we cannot help it. We will push the bill through as rapidly as possible."

Representative Rucker of Missouri today introduced a bill to increase the income tax rate one-half of 1 per cent and to reduce the exemption to \$2,000 and \$3,000, as had been originally provided by the ways and means committee at the request of the president.

In further efforts to relieve the financial situation, the commerce commission of the senate continued today its re-adjustment of the rivers and harbors appropriation bill, planning to reduce it from \$53,000,000 to \$31,000,000.

POWERS OBJECT TO TURKEY'S ACTION

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The Rome correspondent of the Havas agency says that a dispatch from Constantinople announces that the foreign ambassadors, including the German representative, yesterday informed the Turkish government that the powers could not accept abolition of the treaty accorded foreigners.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The state department was without official advice at a late hour tonight as to the reported action of foreign diplomats in Constantinople in communicating to the Turkish government yesterday the decision of their respective governments not to accept the abolition of foreign extraterritorial rights by the port.

No message from Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople has been received for several days and if he participated in the action of the other ambassadors it was without instructions from the department.

Constantinople offers an excellent market for carpenter's tools.

REDUCTION IN COTTON PRODUCTION IS URGED

Government Can Take No Further Steps to Aid Planters in the South

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—After long consideration, officials here are convinced that the federal government can take no further steps to aid cotton producers to meet the unusual conditions caused by the European war.

The treasury department has announced its determination to accept warehouse receipts as a basis for additional national bank currency, but the friends of a plan for the valorization of the cotton crop have not succeeded in convincing government officials of its desirability.

Officials who have studied the situation feel that any remedy to be taken lies in the cotton men themselves and in the state legislatures. The idea is held here among government experts that state legislatures, where necessary, should pass legislation to limit the crop next year and for succeeding years, if desired.

Those familiar with conditions in the cotton-growing states say that it has been demonstrated for years that a reduction in the amount of the crop would be to the advantage of the producer. Past efforts to insure such a reduction, however, have failed. It is said that a reduction in cotton growing would mean that thousands of acres of productive land in the south would be turned over to other and more profitable crops, which would insure a market for the cotton produced.

RYAN CALLS ON TURKISH ENVOY FOR EXPLANATION

(Continued From Page One)

instincts of humanity should not be sacrificed to them."

Explains Turkey's Action.

The ambassador explained to Secretary Ryan that Turkey's abrogation of her capitulations and capitulations was a step taken solely to recover her national rights.

The ambassador pointed out that the effect of the action was not to terminate the treaties of 1830 and 1838 between the United States and Turkey, but to remove those extraterritorial rights which the American government has enjoyed under a most favored nation clause.

State department officials studied the treaties and Turkish laws carefully today, but it was not determining the attitude of the United States would be. It is thought the American government would await the initiative of the other powers before entering into diplomatic negotiations on the subject.

Not Protest for War.

Discussing informally questions arising out of the abrogation of the convention, the Turkish ambassador suggested that later a situation might arise with reference to Egypt. Here, he thought, Great Britain would welcome the removal of the capitulations as it left British control of Egypt unencumbered by special privileges to other foreigners. He declined to discuss the effect of Turkey's action on the European war, but emphatically denied that it was intended as a pretext for war.

The ambassador pointed out that while capitulations were in force in most of Turkey's treaties, there were many commercial treaties not affected by this action. As to American missions, he made it clear that they would be protected as formerly under the Ottoman law.

The principal effects of the abrogation, he explained, would be to give Turkey the right to impose whatever customs duties she desired, to levy professional taxes on foreigners and to substitute the jurisdiction of the Turkish courts for extraterritorial rights.

Ambassador's Statement.

The following statement was authorized by the ambassador:

"In abrogating the capitulations, Turkey is simply recovering national rights. Belonging to a nation, some of which were granted by her in the middle ages in unwise moods of liberality; others wrested from her; others again came to be abandoned as a corollary of the abandonment of the former. The situation can be stated by saying that Turkey has decided to be mistress in her own house."

"Like any contract which, in its honor disregards the general principles of right, as for instance, a contract stipulating the sale of one human being to another, the capitulations have no sanction in ethics and Turkey was free to dissolve them. She had tried to attain that end by negotiations, but the great powers of Europe subordinated their consent to such onerous conditions, that, taking advantage of the present situation, Turkey decided to do away with the capitulations by a decision of her own."

"The United States enjoys some of the privileges of the capitulations by virtue of the most favored nation clause inserted in the treaty concluded with Turkey in 1880; that is, the United States became the beneficiary of the capitulations only incidentally."

"The statement that the American missionary institutions in Turkey are affected by the capitulation is inaccurate. Those institutions exist in Turkey by virtue of general laws governing the empire."

FREED ON CHARGE OF SHOOTING MAYOR

BAKER, Ore., Sept. 11.—Edward Fisher, who had been held in jail here for several months, charged with having shot H. M. Stewart, the mayor of Copperfield, whom Governor West deposed, was set free today, following the return of a writ true bill by the grand jury which investigated the case.

AUSTRIAN CONSUL DENIES REPORTS OF RUSSIAN VICTORIES

Says Rumors Originate from the French and British Sources

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Dr. Alexander de Huber, Austrian-Hungarian consul general here, issued a statement tonight in elaboration of and commenting upon the wireless message from Count von Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, given out last night by Ambassador Dumba at Manchester, Mass. Count von Berchtold denied the Russian statement of victories by that country's armies at Lemberg and elsewhere. Consul General de Huber's statement reads:

Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, which has been evacuated by the Austrian troops, has never been fortified.

Paris Are Same Town.

"Neither has Mikolajow ever been a fortress. Mikolajow and Nikolajow, which have been reported to have been taken by Russians are one and the same town, with the difference that one is the Russian name and the other the Polish name. The town has no fortifications."

"There is no idea of evacuating Cracow. Cracow is an Austrian fortress, and lies about 150 miles behind the actual Austrian fighting line, which extends at the present time from Lublin, in Russian Poland, southward to Rawa Ruska and Grodek."

At the present time the Austro-Hungarian forces occupy one-third of Russian Poland and the cities of Kielce, Radom, Lodz, Piotrkow, Cieszkow and are occupied by the Austrian troops.

Austrians Hold 10,000 Prisoners.

"At the present time there are about 25,000 Russian and 5,000 Serbian prisoners in Austria-Hungary."

"All stories brought into circulation by English and French reports about internal troubles in Austria-Hungary and of the 'Czeka' population are mere inventions."

"I shall military societies, which have been placed under the military status of the Austrian government went into the streets to demand the release of the Polish soldiers, the military organization of Poles in Galicia are generally known under the name of Sokols."

"All reports regarding shortage of food in Austria-Hungary are ridiculous, as Austria-Hungary is a country which in time of peace exports surplus foodstuffs in great quantity and abundance to many countries for all necessities of war."

WAR MEANS END OF GREAT BRITAIN OR GERMAN EMPIRE

(Continued From Page One)

from all quarters of the world. We have swept the so-called German ocean without discovering a German flag."

Maintains Naval Supremacy.

"The number of battleships which will be completed within the next 12 months is more than double the number that will be completed for Germany, and the number of cruisers will be three or four times as great. Therefore, we may count upon the naval supremacy of the country as being effectively maintained."

"What we have now to do, under shield of the navy, is to raise a great army strong enough to enable the country to take its proper share in the terrible struggle. To make the assistance of the empire effective we should put on the continent, and keep there, an army of at least 1,000,000 men."

"The figure is well within the compass of arrangements which Lord Kitchener has taken. By the new year we will have an additional half million men ready for the field and by the summer of 1915 we will have 25 army corps in fighting shape."

"It is our life against Germany's. Upon that there must be no compromise or truce. We must go forth unflinchingly to the end."

MRS. POTTER DIES AT HOME IN BROADMOOR

(Continued From Page One)

The body will be taken to Buffalo for interment early next week.

Mrs. Potter was about 40 years old. She came to Colorado Springs in 1906 and later built El Pomar, one of the most beautiful homes in the west. From the time she took up her residence here, Mrs. Potter was recognized as a social leader and entertained lavishly at the home.

Mrs. Potter's health began to fail following the polo tournament at the Cheyenne Mountain Country club last year. Every known treatment was brought to her aid and specialists attended her, but she weakened gradually. Her husband's death, coming at a time when her own condition was so serious, brought on complications and yesterday it was known that she could live but a few hours at the most.

Mrs. Potter was the daughter of the late Robert Gaudreault, a wealthy lumber merchant, and was one of the wealthiest women in the west, her fortune being generally estimated at \$10,000,000.

GOV. McDONALD OF NEW MEXICO ILL AT DURANGO

DURANGO, Colo., Sept. 11.—The condition of Gov. W. C. McDonald of New Mexico, who was brought to a hospital here today, is not serious, according to an announcement made by the attending physicians tonight. He was on a speaking tour when taken ill. He was soon tended by Mrs. McDowell.

SENATE AMENDS THE VREELAND BANK ACT

Wider Distribution of Currency Relief Is Sought by Change

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The emergency currency bill, amending the Vreeland-Adrich act so as to make 75 instead of 50 per cent the amount of commercial paper to be accepted from banks as security for emergency currency, passed the senate today without a roll call and now goes to the house. The measure is one of those made necessary by the European war.

One amendment adopted today provides for the issue of emergency currency through state banks and other companies to insure wider distribution of the relief extended. The amendment was generally supported by southern senators, who declared that only by issuing emergency currency to the state banks could the needed circulation be brought to the small farmer and small merchant. Today, as sorted the national banks could not, or would not, loan emergency currency at reasonable rates to the small producer who most needed it.

Amendment Voted Down.

Under the amendment, all of the privileges conferred on national banks under the Vreeland emergency currency act are extended to state banks and trust companies having a capitalization of \$25,000 or more and surplus of 20 per cent. One of the amendments exempts such notes as may be issued to state banks from the 18 per cent tax on state bank circulation imposed in 1875.

The senate voted down 38 to 16 a proposal that cotton producers should be given preference in the loaning of emergency currency in cotton states and that the interest charged should not exceed six per cent. Senator Overman, proposing the amendment, declared that the purpose of the emergency currency in the south was to relieve the cotton situation and said that by his amendment relief to the cotton producer would be assured.

REFUGEES CONTINUE TO HARASS GERMANS

Part of Kingdom Is Official Report

LONDON, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—A Reuters dispatch from Antwerp gives the following official announcement issued by the "Belgian government":

"The province of Antwerp and Limburg and almost the whole of eastern Flanders are now free of the enemy. Our troops have reoccupied Termonde. The last engagement occurred yesterday in the vicinity of Termonde, costing the Germans serious losses."

A German column from Melle (four miles southeast of Ghent), going in the direction of Oudenarde (14 miles southwest of Ghent) attempted during the night to return northward. Finding itself checked at Kemene heights, it turned again southward.

The operations undertaken by our field army against the German forces marking the fortified position at Antwerp; the first result of which was the capture of Aerschot, were continued today with success. Our army advanced continuously and inflicted important losses on the Germans. The work of our new field guns was decisive."

Officer Mile Away Directs Artillery Fire on the Enemy

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Some idea of how the Germans were harassed by artillery fire during their retreat was obtained on a visit to the fields near Meaux, the scene of a severe fight yesterday. The German infantry had taken a position in a sunken road on either side of which were stretched, in extended lines, hummocks, some of them natural, some the work of spades in the hands of German soldiers.

Besides many bodies found among the hummocks there were from 40 to 50 empty cartridge shells, while fragments of clothing, caps and knapsacks were scattered about. This destruction was wrought by batteries a little more than three miles distant. Straggling clumps of wood intervened between the batteries and their mark, but the range had been determined by an officer on an elevation a mile from the gunners. He telephoned directions for the firing and through glasses watched the bursting shells. The sunken road was littered with bodies today. The road is lined with poplars the branches of which, severed by fragments of shells, were strewn among the dead. In places whole tops of trees had been torn away by the artillery fire.

VILLA IN ACCORD WITH GOVERNMENT

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 11.—Francisco Villa, recently appointed general of the northern division by General Carranza, will be assigned to the army destined for the isthmus of Tehuantepec. This announcement was made today by General Carranza, in a statement which declared Villa is in "entire harmony with and complete subordination to" the present government of Mexico.

The statement asserts "the report that the port of Vera Cruz has been closed is incorrect" but does not go into details. It declares all "peaceful" Mexicans except where depredations have been committed by "significant" bands.

GOVERNMENT ENTHUSIASTIC

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Reuters' Rome correspondent sends the following message, received in Rome from Nish, Serbia:

"The taking of Semlin has caused great enthusiasm throughout Serbia. The people are proud that their army, after seven weeks of war, not only has prevented a powerful enemy capturing Belgrade, but has inflicted humiliated on them by forcing them to evacuate their base of operations against Serbia. The victory has had a most wonderful moral effect upon the army and people."

People in China are adopting the telephone with extraordinary rapidity.

Half Clothes For Men

Alfred Benjamin Kuppenheimer Clothcraft Hart Schaffner and Marx

Robbins

Reports of Super Corps Are Denied by French Embassy

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—German statements that super corps had been organized by the French two months before the war, were denounced tonight at the French embassy as false. Several other German statements were denied in the statement, which said:

"The news from Berlin announced that Mauthausen had been taken, with four generals, 400 guns and 40,000 men. The capture remains unconfirmed. Forty thousand men could not in any way have been made prisoners, for the number is less than 20,000. If super corps had been organized two months before the war, some trace of them, probably would have been found at the end, and none has. The truth is that neither before nor after Germany declared war on France was any such corps organized. And since every Frenchman able to bear arms is called as a soldier to the colors, one can only imagine what those corps would have been made of. The statement is demonstrably false."

French Soldier Gets Promotion for Daring Conduct on Battlefield

LIMOGES, France, Sept. 11.—On a train loaded with wounded, which passed here today, was a young French officer, Albert Palaphy, whose unusual bravery on the field of battle won for him the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

As a simple corporal of the Tenth dragons at the beginning of the war, Palaphy took part in the recent violent combat with the Germans. In the thick of the battle, Palaphy's colonel was wounded. Palaphy hoisted the injured man upon his shoulder and, under a rain of machine gun bullets, carried the colonel safely to the French lines. That same day Palaphy was promoted to be a sergeant.

Shortly afterward, although wounded, Palaphy led a charge against the Baden guard, whose standard he captured with his own hand. With a bullet in his abdomen and covered with lance thrusts, Palaphy was carried from the battlefield during the night and learned that he had been promoted to be a sublieutenant, and nominated chevalier in the Legion of Honor.

This incident of decorating a soldier on the battlefield recalls Napoleonic times.

SEMLIN IS TAKEN BY THE SERBIANS

(Continued From Page One)

batch said, "camped in the hills extending from Topchider to Reschick, occupying all the heights about Mount Avala. The Austrian garrison in Semlin did not suspect the presence of the Serbians and continued the bombardment of Belgrade daily without causing great damage, until the Serbians surprised them."

"The audacity of the Serbian movement was extraordinary, as in order to reach Semlin the Serbians were compelled to transport heavy artillery across the Save and Danube rivers on pontoons built during the night."

GOVERNMENT ENTHUSIASTIC






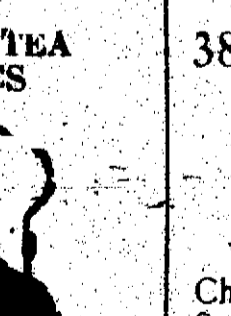
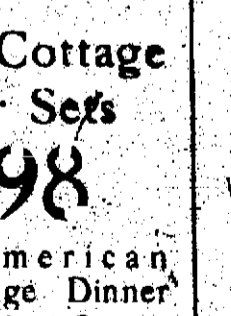


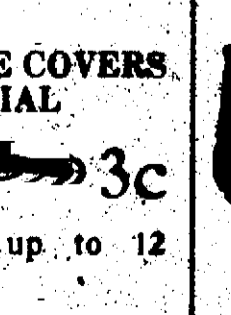

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People in China are adopting the telephone with extraordinary rapidity.

Saturday Specials at

The Emporium

 <p>\$1.00 Value Universal FOOD CHOPPERS Sale price 89c</p>	 <p>Six-Quart Granite SAUCE PANS Sale price 15c</p>	 <p>Large Blue and White DISH PANS Sale price 39c</p>	 <p>Gray Enamel 2-Quart COFFEE POTS Sale price 15c</p>
 <p>GRANITE TEA KETTLES 65c gray granite Tea Kettles, Special 19c</p>	 <p>38-piece Cottage Dinner Sets \$1.98 White American China, Cottage Dinner Sets, comprising 6 cups and saucers, 6 breakfast plates, 6 pie plates, 6 sauce dishes, 6 individual butters, 1 vegetable dish and 1 platter, a splendid value set, for only \$1.98.</p>	 <p>LANTERN SPECIALS 60c No. 1 Lanterns 42c 65c No. 1 Lanterns 53c 1.25 No. 2 Lanterns 95c</p>	 <p>Fibre Chair Seats, Special 7c 5c WOOD HANGERS 2 for 5c These are well finished hangers.</p>
 <p>TOILET PAPER Our Large Rolls, 25c 4 for</p>	 <p>TIN KETTLE COVERS, SPECIAL 3c All sizes up to 12 inches.</p>	 <p>LENOX SOAP 3 BARS FOR 10c</p>	 <p>2-QT. GRAY GRANITE PUDDING PANS 10c</p>

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**The Present War Will Demonstrate
Utility of the Submarine Boat**

Submarines, with which all the naval powers of the world have experimented for many years, are destined to have their first practical war test in the great struggle now raging in Europe. The great battle that is daily being expected in the North sea, where the British and German ships went under sealed orders as soon as war was declared, will see the greatest modern submarine in action for the first time. Believers in the submarine, though, got a rude shock a few days after the war began, when a British cruiser destroyed a German submarine with only two shots, by the simple expedient of "blinding" the diver, shooting out his eyes.

Every submarine is equipped with a contrivance known as a periscope, which enables the navigator of the diver to see what is happening on the surface. This is the vessel's eye.

When the German U-boat was sighted by a British ship, the latter was accompanied by a submarine. A British cruiser singled out the submarine as the most dangerous of the enemy, and sent a shell crashing through her periscope. With her officers and crew unable to see what was going on, the diver was as helpless as a blinded thing, and staggered straight toward the British cruiser, the gunners of which waited until she came quite close. When the German ship was within easy range, another shell, the second of the battle, was fired into her hull, and the submarine went to the bottom of the North sea, carrying her crew to death.

That was the ignominious fate of the first submarine engaged in the war and the ease with which the vessel was destroyed was a great shock to those naval experts of England, Germany and France who had believed that type of sea fighter almost invulnerable.

That the Germans should have utilized some of their newest submarines to attack a part of the British fleet in the North sea caused no surprise to those familiar with the war. It was quite in accordance with the anticipation that the Germans, by surprise attacks, would seek to overcome the preponderance of the British navy. By succeeding in such surprise attempts, the Germans would greatly increase their chances of winning when the great naval battle of the North sea is fought.

German Plans Kept Secret.

Almost everything connected with the submarine branch of the German navy has been kept strictly secret, but it is generally understood that the organization of the fleet is thorough and efficient. It is the submarine headquarters and the base of the principal boats as well as the light cruiser Hamburg, which acts as a parent ship and the salvage ship Vulcan, the utility of which was demonstrated at the time of the sinking of the German diver U-3 in January, 1911.

There were 24 submarines in commission last year and 14 more building, of which probably half will be completed in time to go into action in this war. It is possible also that several submarines being built in Germany for foreign powers have been taken over by Germany, as the British took over Turkey's submarines in 1912. Great Britain has 60 divers in commission.

The German vessel that was "blinded" and sunk was the U-15 and was completed at Danzig in 1912. It was of a type similar to the British "C" class, of 320 tons displacement, with a speed of 18 knots above the water and 8 1/2 knots below the surface. They carry two torpedo tubes.

Larger Type in Service.

A larger type, however, is in service in the German navy, beginning with U-21, which is of 500 tons displacement and has a speed of 17 knots above and 12 knots below the water. She carries three torpedo tubes, and two guns.

Like those of the British navy, all of the German submarines are propelled on the surface by heavy oil engines, the quantity of fuel carried being sufficient for a cruising radius ranging from 100 miles for the smaller vessels, to three times that distance in the case of the larger submarines. All German submarines are designated by the letter "U," which means "Unterseeboot" (under-sea boat).

The submarine is the thing most feared by naval men. The fear has been inspired, more by the mystery surrounding the divers and the amazing stories circulated about their possibilities, rather than by actual knowledge of the ship's possibilities.

This type of fighting craft was designed to destroy warships of the enemy by sailing under them and sending torpedoes into them. It has been assumed that the submarine could fire a torpedo at a warship from beneath the surface, before the commander of the ship knew of the presence of the diver.

But the brief North sea engagement seems to have upset that theory. In a war, it is necessary for the navigator of a diver to see where he is going. To make this possible, the submarine must have its eyes, the periscope. That leaves a mark to shoot at on the surface. The British cruiser saw the mark and shot at it. With its periscope destroyed by one shell, the submarine was out of commission. It seemed very vulnerable.

U. S. Built First Ship.

The first submarine was built in the United States and the American government was the first to adopt it. By a strange coincidence the inventor died

toward the beginning of the present war.

Naval men of all the world are watching this war with the keenest interest, because naval warfare always affords surprises. Fighting machines, big guns, torpedoes, submarines, are invented and their sponsors claim wonderful and miraculous things for them. In recent demonstrations the inventions behave according to expectation, but when they are given a practical test in real war, the results are sometimes entirely different from what was anticipated.

In the Japanese-Russian war, submarines were used to a slight extent, but it may be said that the modern under-sea fighting craft has not had its real trial until now. Its first venture in the North sea was disappointing to its champions, but the submarine may yet do some surprising and deadly execution and justify their claims.

Submarines of the Naval Powers.

England	24
Germany	24
France	20
Russia	20
Italy	20
Austria-Hungary	20
United States	20
Japan	15

THREE CUNARDERS CALLED INTO SERVICE BY GREAT BRITAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—It was declared tonight on a source presumably well informed that the *Lexington*, *Saxonia* and *Laplant* had been called into service by the British admiralty to convey troops from Canada.

Although the two Cunarders had cleared for Montreal, the admiralty, it was said, had given orders that the ships were to be in Halifax ready to be boarded by troops not later than 8 a. m. Tuesday.

The *Laplant* had not left port at a late hour tonight.

Today, while the two Cunarders were headed up the coast, about two more British army reservists left by train for Halifax. During the day about 300 other British reserve men, most of whom had seen service in the South African war, were at the British consulate to report for duty. They were examined by two physicians and later were given tickets for Halifax. Others will receive tickets tomorrow.

CALIFORNIA WINE GROWERS APPEAL TO PRES. WILSON

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—A number of wine growers, assembled here today, sent a telegram to President Wilson asking a proposed emergency tax of 20 cents per gallon on light wines would be confiscatory, and that the grape crop now ripe could not be sold at such a low price.

We respectfully ask your immediate action to have our crops sold at a reasonable price.

Germany makes much use of the idea of its most famous.

GERMANS IN HASTY RETREAT NORTH TO PREVENT FLANKING MOVEMENT

(Continued from Page One)

Francis was made visible. General von Moltke and the German general staff to plan some other means or way of breaking through the French line.

Although the Germans have had to send some of their best troops back to Prussia to meet the Russian advance, it is not for a moment thought here that there will be any long pause in their efforts to beat the French.

Crown Prince Frederick William, who has with him a portion of the Prince of Wurttemberg's army, is still fighting, and all that the French reports say of this battle is that there is no great change in the situation, there being alternate advances and retreats.

The Germans have brought up some siege guns against Nancy, and here, as in the Vosges, it is reported there is no change in the situation.

BRITISH WELL SATISFIED WITH PROGRESS OF EVENTS

The British public seems well satisfied with the result of the battle so far. It has gone, but the military experts warn them that it is not over yet. It is suggested by some of the military men, as being possible that the French are only holding the line of the Marne on sufferance, while the Germans are making some changes in their line of communications. Among the experts it is considered that there is no reason to suppose that the German army has been fought to a standstill.

The distress of the German right wing, however, has given the little Belgian army another opportunity to do something, and it is taking advantage of it by harassing the German reinforcements which are hurrying south to General Von Kluck's assistance, and also to attack the Germans left in Belgium. As only a few troops of the German line are left there, the Belgians have only to cope with the land-storm.

GERMANY WITHDRAWING TROOPS FROM ALSACE

It is reported that Germany is withdrawing troops from Alsace, but whether they are for the Prussian front or to support the armies which are facing the allies in western France has not been disclosed. It is considered likely, however, that the general staff will rather all the forces it can get through the French force east of Paris, either by the route they have been trying during the last week or through Lorraine.

In Galicia, the Austrians, who are being supported by Germans, are still putting up a fight against the Russians, although it has been predicted for days that their surrender or annihilation was imminent. The Russians claim to have had another success over

the Austrians near Krasnik Wednesday, and add that sanguinary fighting is proceeding on the Tomaszow-Baw front as far as the Dniester river.

It is apparent that General Ruzhky's enveloping movement is not developing as rapidly as was expected, and it may have been delayed by the offensive movement, which, according to Berlin advices, the Austrians have resumed in the Lemberg district.

RUSSIANS ARE VICTORIOUS IN EAST PRUSSIA

Matters are getting a little more interesting in East Prussia, where, for a while, Russia is said to have had things virtually her own way. The Germans are reported now to have "moved" some of their troops into this section and the Russians are said to have been compelled to withdraw.

Retreated says its only retreats have been its advance guards, who are keeping in touch with the German advance, but the Germans claim to have scored another victory over the Russians, who are said to have received a rather severe check between August 25 and 27.

It is possible that the Austrians have kept the Russians busy in Galicia just long enough to enable Germany to get her troops into East Prussia before the Russians were able to dispose of the Austrians and sweep down upon Silesia, Posen and Prussia.

Serbia is celebrating another victory over Austria, having taken Semlin just across the river from Belgrade, the Serbian capital, which has been under an intermittent bombardment ever since the commencement of the war. This success, it is thought, may enable Serbia, which is also advancing into Bosnia, to put an end to the guns which have been so long directed against her capital.

Turkey has taken advantage of Europe's occupation to arrogate capitulations which she so long has objected to. Her diplomats deny that this implies any belittled attitude on her part.

BELGIAN SNIPER IS SHOT DESPITE PIFAS FROM HIS PARENTS

LONDON, Sept. 11.—One of the most vivid accounts of an episode of war comes from the *Lokal Anzeiger* of August 24. It is a letter from Paul Oskar Hoecker, a Berlin playwright now serving as captain of the reserve. He is given at the Berlin Opera house.

He describes a mission on which he was dispatched to search for arms in Belgian villages in which shots had been fired by civilians on German troops. His instructions were to summon the villagers to deliver up their arms, and those in whose possession arms were found, after they declared that they had none, were to be instantly shot.

Describing a visit to Jungbuech, he says that at one house were found an old man, a woman and a girl of 13.

"Then a terrible thing happened. A surgeon and a private dragged a young fellow out of the house. They had found him hiding among the straw in the loft. He had in his hand a Belgian rifle loaded with five cartridges. From the opening of the roof he may have aimed at many an honest German. The youth had put his hands up, screaming and deadly pale, he stands there."

"Who is this youth? I asked the old man. As if struck by lightning all three fell on their knees weeping."

Shot Despite Pifas.

"The woman groined. He is my son. For God's sake, you are not going to kill him!" and the little girl sobbed as if her heart would break. The prisoner tried to escape, but was put up against the wall by the men.

"I had to picture to myself by force the German patrols bulging through the night with the bullets of treacherous snipers whistling round their helmets. In order to master my nerves in face of this sorrow and fulfill my order."

"He has to be shot. Three men! Ready!"

The three men commanded, who were fathers of families, two from Berlin and one a farmer, did not turn a hair. This is a just business. We had got a ruffian who merited no compassion. The volley rang out. The trembling body collapsed to the ground and did not move again. Three tiny holes were visible in the blue blouse. The boy's eyes are closed. His face has not changed its expression. Death by our rifle is painless."

"We ought to burn the old man's house over his head, saying, 'my nephew!'"

"Quick, march!" ordered.

The three peasants are still kneeling on the ground, the corpse lies up against the wall."

REPRESENTATIVES OF FIVE STATE SCHOOLS TO HOLD MEETING IN DENVER TODAY

DENVER, Sept. 11.—Representatives of five Colorado educational institutions will meet here tomorrow to discuss methods of raising revenue for the different schools. The University of Colorado, the Colorado Agricultural college, the State School of Mines, the State Normal college and the School for Deaf and Blind will be represented.

The meeting grew out of the eight annual conference of the National Tax association, which has just concluded its sessions, and several widely known authorities upon taxation who have been attending the conference will advise with the educators upon the subject of raising revenue for state institutions.

Germany makes much use of the idea of its most famous.

VALLEY OF MARNE IS LITTERED WITH DEAD

Evidence of German Retreat

Scum on All Sides, Says Correspondent

LONDON, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—Reuter's Lagny, France, correspondent, in a dispatch, says:

"A trip along the valley of the Marne today brought evidence of the reality of the German retreat."

"On Sunday the British and Germans were at grips east of this place. Since then the Teuton has been driven steadily back beyond the Trilport and Crecy-en-Brie line, the hardest fighting occurring beyond Meaux, where the Germans now are. In this movement of General von Kluck's army rearward along the Marne valley the British army has played a leading role."

"General von Kluck's army advanced to meet the German 'amphibious' forces with what must have been forced marches from their temporary base to the southeast of Paris. The whole British army, except cavalry, passed through Lagny, and the incoming troops were so weary that many of them, at the first opportunity, lay down in the dust and slept where they were."

British Artillery Effective.

"The British artillery did noble work in those days, according to the French military surgeons who were stationed at Lagny. At points near here the bodies of slain Germans who fell before the British gunners still litter the ground, and the grim crop must be still heavier on the soil farther up the valley, where the fighting was more desperate."

"As far as possible the bodies are buried at night, each side attending to its own fallen."

"Sanguinary incidents are plentiful in the week of fighting to the south of the Marne. In an engagement not far from here our men captured 20 Germans, who had given up their arms, and were standing under guard, when, encouraged by a sudden forward effort of the German front, they made a dash for their rifles. They were cut down by a volley from the British guards before they could reach their weapons."

"Close to Meaux the Germans seem to have stayed their retreat last night, and even to have made a slight advance. It was apparently merely a rear guard covering movement."

"All along the valley the confidence of the people has been restored, and they are returning to their abandoned homes."

"The British army no longer forms the left wing of the allies. On the left is a French army—one of seven which are now in the field."

NICHOLSON CONCERNED CARLSON NOMINATION

Unofficial Returns Give Former Lead of 2,100 Votes

DENVER, Sept. 11.—Late unofficial returns show George A. Carlson of Fort Collins leading Samuel D. Nicholson of Leadville by 2,100 votes in the race for the Republican nomination for governor. With seven counties missing, Carlson's nomination was conceded today at Nicholson's headquarters.

In the contest for the Democratic nomination for secretary of state, E. C. Brink took the lead today, over Thomas M. Hunter by a margin of 23 votes. Both will claim the victory.

For Democratic candidate for auditor, C. R. Lockenby leads T. D. Foster by over 2,000, but Foster's friends have not conceded his defeat. Teller, Foster's home county, has not sent in returns.

For Republican attorney general, Reese D. Rees is leading W. R. Gobin by a narrow margin. For Republican treasurer, Allison B. Stocker is leading Lewis C. Greenlee by about 400.

GERMAN COUP TO CAPTURE FRENCH CAPITAL FAILS

LONDON, Sept. 12 (Saturday).—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph has sent the following dispatch from the front:

"The last remnants of the German cavalry have been destroyed and a large part of their mobile artillery and ammunition trains have been taken. Huge numbers of their rank and file have been either captured or cut off."

"A wireless message to Berlin, which was intercepted here today, said: 'We are badly in need of horses and supplies.'"

"German general who slept in an inn here last night was overheard to say to one of his aides:

"A great disaster has overtaken us. An English officer of an aviation scouting corps remarked: 'It will be a miracle if any of these Germans get home again. Their only anxiety now is to increase the distance between themselves and their pursuers.'"

"There can be no doubt that the tide has turned in the allies' favor. The great German coup has failed. There will be no siege of Paris and the government can safely return from Bordeaux at once."

POPE WILL ASK THE EUROPEAN NATIONS TO END HOSTILITIES

PARIS, Sept. 13.—(Saturday).—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Rome says the Tribune states that the appeal of Pope Benedict for peace is preliminary to an encyclical to the bishops on the same subject and to an initiative already in the course of execution with the different governments asking for a cessation of hostilities and for the opening of an arbitration conference.

The Tribune adds that the apostolic delegates to Washington have been charged with a confidential mission to President Wilson on the subject of

Boys' Shoes



It Pays to Buy Good, Well-made Shoes

for Boys Cheap, inferior shoes are the most expensive in the end—Our policy is to sell only good, substantial shoes for boys and to sell them as cheap as good shoes can be sold—

\$2.00 to \$4.00

We can save you money on Boys' Shoes if you consider the wear you get for your money.

BRETHREN CONFERENCE IS LARGELY ATTENDED

Sessions at Tourist Memorial Church

Draw Enthusiastic Workers

Today's Program

The annual Colorado conference of the United Brethren in Christ, now in session at the Tourist Memorial church, is attracting much attention and the church has been filled with enthusiastic workers during the meeting. Bishop Cyrus E. Keppert of Kansas City is the presiding officer, and ministers and one lay delegate from each church in the state are present at the conference.

Several interesting talks have been arranged for today. Bishop Keppert will open the session this evening with an address on "Is Christianity Divine?" and speeches will follow. The program for tomorrow is as follows:

Today.

Devotional period—Led by John W. Owen, D.D.

Address—"Is Christianity Divine?"—Bishop C. E. Keppert, D.D.

Holy communion. (City ministers invited.)

Adjournment.

Luncheon.

Devotional Address—Led by F. E. Warren, D.D.

Prayer and Conditions of Effective Gospel Preaching—J. N. Hance.

General discussion.

"How to Bring the Conference Y. H. S. C. E. to a High Plane of Efficiency"—W. F. Schell, D.D.

General discussion.

"Characteristics of Effective Sunday School Teaching Work"—President A. O. McLaughlin, D.D.

Miscellaneous business.

Adjournment.

Supper.

Song and praise service—Led by Porter E. Bell.

Address—"Present Day Demands Upon the Christian Church"—L. O. Miller, D.D.

Tomorrow.

Bible school.

Conference sermon—Bishop Cyrus E. Keppert, D.D.

Ordination service following sermon.

Women's service in the church—Dr. J. W. Owen, speaker.

Men's service under the auspices of Y. M. C. A.—Dr. W. F. Schell, speaker.

Grand Y. S. P. C. E. rally for all young people in the city, held in the First United Presbyterian church—James S. Kendall, speaker.

Ministers will preach in the churches of the city.

Sermon in Tourist Memorial by John W. Owen, D.D.

BAIKAN STATES IN ALLIANCE TO FIGHT THE TURKS

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Telegraphing from Rome, a correspondent of the Daily Telegraph declares he has learned from diplomatic sources that Roumania, Greece and Bulgaria have signed an agreement which may be regarded as a real alliance, under the terms of which these three nations agree to interfere whenever necessary in order to prevent Turkey's aiding Germany and Austria in the present war.

If Turkey remains neutral, however, these three states will do the same. It is reported in Rome, the correspondent continues, that Berlin has become resigned to the idea of Italian neutrality, but she is determined that Italy shall at least remain neutral until the end.

School Supplies OUTWEST

PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.

911 Pike Peak

First Photograph of Russian Cossacks Now Laying Waste East Prussia



Germany makes much use of the idea of its most famous.

In the Religious World

WHAT THE CHURCH FOLK ARE THINKING ABOUT AND DOING

Sunday School 11:00 am and Young People's Tapes

READY FOR THE CRISIS

The International Sunday School League for September 13 is "The Ten Virgins." Matt. 25:1-13.

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS:

Amid the crash of empires we are called upon to consider one of the most dramatic of the faraway admonitions of Jesus. The pertinency of the parable is in the mind of every member of the Sunday school that meets the International lessons. Solvated, chastened, and men and women today are ready to study the deeper truths of life, and to lend an attentive ear to hear what the Master of us all has to say concerning ultimate things.

The closing utterances of Jesus had to do with the kingdom of heaven—that kingdom which has outlasted all empires and still moves forward in its beneficent way through all the shocks to human institutions. Here we face a subject that is vaster than this overwhelming war, that is today engrossing the world's thought.

The Sufficient Preparation.

When we are ready for God, we are ready for anything. That is the inclusive truth of the great parable of the five and foolish virgins. They who go to meet the bridegroom joyous and unashamed, fear nothing else, at peace with him; they are at peace with all the world. Here the lesson truth strikes down deep into every man's philosophy of life. There is absolutely no other satisfaction possible to human nature equal to the supreme peace of preparedness for the presence of God.

Every crisis teaches the supremacy of things spiritual. When the storm of a war broke over Europe, it drove the nations to their knees. Even the nations of France turned to prayer. Kings and councils called their people to supplicate before the throne of heaven. Inevitably the war was not people thinking of the God who was before them, and in over all, and a "be after all" been right with him, men are right with all the world. There is no other Master equal to the Master of the Universe.

The Ten Maidens. The greatest truth may be captured in the humblest happenings. As we turn to the parable of the five and foolish virgins, we find the story of the last days in the familiar story of an eternal wedding, and of the ten maidens who were to help give joyous life to the wedding party. Of the ten, five were wise and five were foolish; for only five had laid by any oil for the oil needed.

The story touches upon our preparation for death, it is a truth for every day, for life, as well as our preparation for death, as well as the last great day; it teaches to make character for youth, as well as to afford consolation for age; it makes vivid the master's oft-repeated exhortation, "Be ye also ready." That is the most practical motto for the boy for girl starting out in life, and it is the most spiritual counsel for the aged person waiting death's summons.

"Too Late, Too Late."

Somewhere I have read of a painting that merely showed a shut door, that was all, but the artist conveyed to the imagination the impression that that door stood for preparation and finally history is full of tragic regrets of those

Mrs. A. W. W. Reister to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Minneapolis, Minn. "After my health was so sick with rheumatism, which the doctor said was covered by inflammation. I suffered a great deal every month and grew very thin. I was under the doctor's care for two long years without any benefit. Finally after repeated suggestions to try it, I got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking the third bottle of the Compound I was able to do my housework and to lay I am strong and healthy again. I will appear letters if anyone has to know about my case."—Mrs. JOSEPH ANGLIN, 928 Monroe St., N.E., Minneapolis, Minn.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy for women's ailments. If you need such a medicine why don't you try it?

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lowell, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

who have arrived too late at their opportunity. We see such an example in the parable of the five and foolish virgins. "So much to do, so little time," Queen Elizabeth shrieks of a royal bounty for only a minute of time as she stared into the pitiless eyes of death as it drew nigh. Let us set firmly into our thinking the truth that there comes a day when we must cry "Too late!" opportunities pass; occasions are not abiding.

In the affairs of business, in matters of pleasure in the vaster concerns of the spiritual realm, there surely approaches an hour when invitation and opportunity rejected exist no more, that grace of God is no longer heard knocking at the heart's door, the hour for filling the lamp of service and of happiness has passed. Tennyson repeats the refrain in his "Idylls of the King":

"Late, late, so late" and dark the night, and chill!
Late, late, so late! but we can enter still!
Too late, too late! we cannot enter now!

"No light had we, for that we do repent."
"Have we not heard the Bridegroom will relent?"
Too late, too late! we cannot enter now!

"No light, so late" and dark and chill the night!
Oh, let us in, that we may find the light!
Too late, too late! we cannot enter now!

"Have we not heard the Bridegroom is so sweet?"
Oh, let us in, though late to kiss his feet!
Oh, no! too late! we cannot enter now!"

The Things Which Cannot Be Shared. The five wise virgins who had to use their own store of oil, even as every one of us is toward his own self, have often been criticized for not sharing what they had with their foolish sisters. There are some things which cannot be shared. In this case it was better for the honor of the wedding party that five lamps should burn brightly throughout, than that ten should shine for but a little while, leaving the rest in utter darkness. Be it remembered that the whole episode was for the honor of the Bridegroom, rather than for the pleasure of the guests.

Preparation is always individual. One cannot lay by any store for many. The mother cannot go to school for the child; the father cannot expect a profession and industry and education for his son; all spiritual experiences are one by one, each for his own. The same transactions of the soul are enacted in the vast chambers of the apartment of one soul with its maker quite as if no others had ever shared the same experience in the past.

The five virgins are not characterized as wicked, but as foolish unpreparedness is folly. It was a lack of common wisdom. There was no excuse for the careless and reckless course of the five virgins who came to their hour of opportunity unready. One of the severest indictments that the business world makes of the youth of this generation, is that it comes in the world's marketplace unprepared to do the service for which it asks pay.

Nations cannot prepare for war while the enemy is hammering at their gates; neither can a people make ready for peace and self-government over night. Only the long look can bring to fruition the full value of the preparation time, which is the most important time in all of life.

The Point of the Parable.

Over and over, by story and by exhortation Jesus had been stressing the one dominant idea "watch." He wanted his friends to be ready for the kingdom's coming. The very unexpectedness of the event is an exhortation to fidelity. If a man knew he were to die ten years hence, he might be able to make his peace with God after nine years of living for himself. But because of the bridegroom's coming may be tonight or tomorrow, the friends of the bridegroom must watch. This eternal vigilance is the price of opportunity of soul. Only by an attitude of alertness may the spirit be kept quick and sensitive. Spiritual life is forever a present experience. It is the watchful who are wise in things of the spirit. To be ready for Christ is to be prepared for everything that life may bring.

TRAINING FOR BEST LIVING

Terse Comments on the Uniform Prayer Meeting Topic of the Young People's Societies—Christian Endeavor, etc. For September 13, "What is a Good Education?" Prev. 11-13, 20-23.

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS:

Two men are before my mind's eye. One is a venerable Turk, whom I met in a village under the shadow of the Taurus mountains. In Asia Minor he was untrained in the schools, but he had ripe judgment, a keen knowledge of human nature, dignity and reverence, and he had won the esteem of his community. The quiet, courteous and assured way with which he carried himself revealed the strong wise man. I count him educated in the essentials of manhood, even though a 10-year-old boy in this Western world knows more about the sciences than he. The other man at the same time in my memory is seated in an educational club. He has an education. By name, wealth, social position, and the advantages of a liberal education and much travel. But he is ignorant of life. He is unbalanced in his judgments, foolish in his thinking, and an entirely selfish and selfish man. Him I deem an uneducated man despite his degrees, for education is the training of an individual to relate to the

service sanely and efficiently to actual life.

"Education" means "to lead out," and the higher education is also "to lead up," inspiring man with the fear of the Lord, which is the beginning of wisdom. We have not learned life until we have learned God.

Whatever helps a person to sweep a wider horizon in his vision and to view life's happenings with poise and detachment, whether that agency be a university or an experience of personal adversity, is a good education.

The stored mind is strong, mentality grows like the body by being fed. Knowledge is a tested route to wisdom but meditation is a surer. What digestion is to food, meditation is to knowledge. The end of all education is to teach a person to think clearly, strongly and practically.

He that studies only men will get the body knowledge without the soul and he that studies only books, the soul without the body. He that to what he reads adds observation and to what he reads reflection is in the right road to knowledge provided that in scrutinizing the hearts of others he neglects not his own.—Colton

One regrettable fact about the advanced education of many young persons is that they have been alienated from their homes and families and the old-fashioned ways of the latter. The tragedy of this rift which school and college have created between students and their parents is known only to the mothers and fathers who have endured it. Usually also the explanation is that the children have not won to even the beginnings of wisdom, else they would value the real worth of the parents whose greatness of loyalty and service and sacrifice is beyond the power of the schools to bestow. Any education which makes a boy ashamed of his mother and father is a bad education.

Prof. Amos R. Wells calls the seven colors of the spectrum of education: the training in think to observe, to speak, to act to direct to feel and to be.

A gentle heart is more to be desired than a stored brain. For education is successful in so far as it trains one to live helpfully and happily with other people.

A shrewd lover of nature, who has invested his talents in helping boys and in unfolding the lore of woods and stream and buried Indian treasures remarked, after attending a reunion of his college class, "I was disappointed to find the fellows all talking of their success in terms of money. Most of them thought it was enough to tell how much money they had made. We heard little about what they had done for their neighborhoods or for the state. Surely a dollar mark is not the truest sign of an educated man." That observation struck the weak spot in much of our modern view of education. Thousands of young men are going to college nowadays, not because they want a finer culture, or a wider forerunnership or advancement into the chosen circles of the arts and sciences, but simply in order to enable them to earn more money. If that is the first and last goal of an education, then it is not in the old and broader sense an education at all.

Everybody pities the one-legged man, but few of us give a second thought to that far worse cripple, the man who has lost his soul. I do not use that phrase in the accustomed theological sense. I mean the man whose spiritual faculties have been atrophied, who has no taste for beauty or harmony or the refinements of the spirit, and to whom religion is an empty phrase. Such an one is misled the first end of education, which puts the soul above all and makes life beautiful within.

A detail of education too often neglected is knowledge of the English Bible. That is civilization's oldest book. Its characters and phrases should be the most familiar in all literature. Moreover, this book has the peculiar quality of imparting life. It fires all the higher faculties of the reader. Proof is abundant that it transforms character, making good men out of bad, fine men out of coarse, pure men out of vile, noble men out of ignoble. In all the variety of education there is no other one book so valuable as the Bible of our fathers.

SEVEN SENTENCE SERMONS

Character lies in a man's regulation of his life.—J. G. Holland

Real happiness is cheap enough, yet how dearly we pay for its counterfeit.—Hosea Ballou

Better have failed in the high aim than vulgarly in the low aim success.—Browning

It is a poor heart and a poorer age that cannot accept the conditions of life with some heroic readiness.—Robert Louis Stevenson

Give and it shall be given unto you, good measure, pressed down, shaken together, running over; shall they give into your bosom. For with what measure you mete it shall be measured to you again.—Luke 8:38

Not in the clamor of the crowded street,
Not in the shouts and slaught of the throng,
But in ourselves are triumph and defeat.—Anon.

The soul has its capital, every triumph over an unworthy impulse, every successful struggle against an ignoble weakness, every deed of good and every resistance to the bad enters as spiritual money, stocks, bonds and negotiable values into its bank of power.—Frank Crane

COST KEPT DOWN—QUALITY KEPT UP

No better medicine could be made for coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, tickling throat, bronchitis, etc., than Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. That's why they can't improve the quality, and war or no-war, the price remains the same. E. J. Sargent, Dallas, Tex., says: "I believe Foley's Honey and Tar has no equal for its complete relief of me of all symptoms of tuberculosis and my cough has entirely disappeared. Don't accept any substitute for Foley's Honey and Tar is the best Robinson Drug Advt."



MRS. A. W. HOWE
Sister of President Wilson who has just returned from France loudly praises the treatment American tourists are receiving at the hands of the French.

BOY SCOUT HERO OF THE BELGIANS

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The hero of Belgium today is the boy scout, Guyon who has been decorated by King Albert for his valor and devotion to his country.

This young man, who was born at Lege, is described by the French as almost uncanny sharpness with senses and perceptions as keen as a hawk. He was able to find his way through the woods and past the sentries of the enemy with unerring accuracy. Last Sunday he was through the German lines from Antwerp for the tenth time, carrying dispatches to the Belgian representatives of the Belgian government in Brussels.

GERMAN FIFET IS ACTIVE IN BALTIC

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—The German fleet is active in the Baltic. It is reported to have sunk a Russian merchant steamer, the "Helsingborg." This vessel was in Finnish waters in other words behind the barrier formed by the Aland Islands, which had been considered impassable for the sea forces of Germany.

A German torpedo boat stopped the 1,100-ton and took off the crew and 34 passengers, including 33 Englishmen. She then opened fire on the steamer which sank in five minutes. The passengers and crew were brought to a German fort where thousands of battle casualties are being interned as prisoners of war.

INQUEST WILL BE HELD FOR DEATH OF CHILD

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 11.—A coroner's inquest will be held to investigate the death of John Williamson, the 11-year-old son of Frank Williamson, watchman at the Portland mine, who was killed by an automobile driven by Henry Schroeder.

SERBIAN AND RUSSIAN PRISONERS PASS BUDAPEST

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Four thousand Serbian soldiers, captured by the Austrians, passed through Budapest yesterday on their way to Esztergom to join 20,000 Russian soldiers already encamped there, according to an official statement from Vienna made public here today by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador.

CARE OF WOUNDED IN BATTLE

The care of the wounded is necessarily an important duty imposed on every nation in case of war, and the methods adopted in European armies, as told in an article in the special war edition of the Scientific American, is particularly interesting as will be seen from the following extract.

The general system adopted for providing a medical service is practically identical in the armies of all the great powers. It contemplates a division of the service into three portions, that which belongs to and accompanies the fighting troops, that which pertains to the base (or supplies) and the life of communications, and that which pertains to the base hospital or the "home of the soldier." The principle governing these services is that nothing but first aid and emergency treatment should be attempted in the immediate zone of combat, and that having received this treatment the disabled should be quickly transported to the base, where abundant facilities for their care can be provided without encumbering the fighting forces. Here at the base they are carefully classified and those who are not so seriously disabled as to unfit for further service at the front are sent back to the fighting line, while those who are seriously disabled are retained until they are well enough to leave the hospital when they are transferred to the convalescent camp. Here they remain until they have fully regained their strength, when they return to their regiments at the front.



Watch for the Greater Hibbard Store!

C.A. Hibbard & Company

AUSTRIANS BLOCK OWN ROAD IN THEIR FLIGHT

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Reuters Telegram company has a dispatch from its correspondent at Petrograd which says that after the recent fighting with the Austrians, the enemy's retreat in such panic that regiments became inextricably mixed and blocked the roads and bridges. Those furthest behind retreated to the strength of their arms to force their way through the men ahead of them. The roads were littered with overturned cars and the lanes of the transport, the horses a deadly having been used as mounts by the men in retreat.

AUSTRIAN TORPEDO BOAT BLOWN UP NEAR TRIESTE

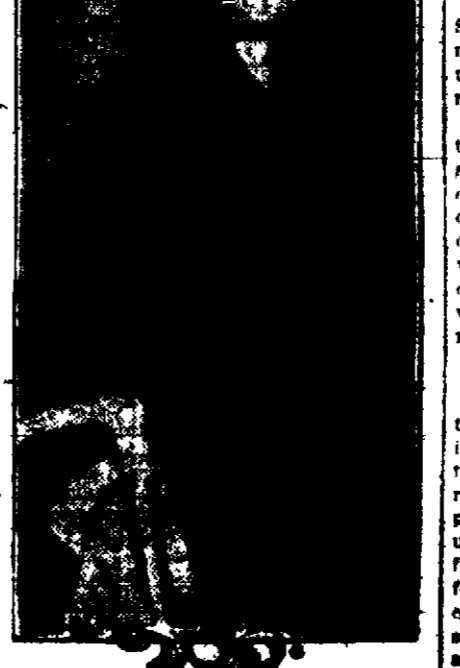
ROME, Sept. 10.—London Sept. 11.—A Austrian torpedo boat has been blown up near Trieste 32 miles south of Trieste in the Adriatic after striking a mine. A number of wounded Austrians who have arrived in Trieste state that during the battle of Lemberg all the Austrian officers of three battalions fled leaving the battalions in the hands of the enemy. They were annihilated only 10 men escaped.

"Suppress Bureau"

Disappointed journalists have facetiously described it as the "Suppress Bureau," they take more news than they bring out, and they write in the pages of censored knowledge. But the censor smile blandly and politely murmur "And the next please." Not even a shopwalker can excel a censor in politeness.

It Always Does the Work.

"I like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy better than any other," writes R. E. Roberts, Homer City, Pa. "I have taken it off and on for years and it has never failed to give the desired results." For sale by all dealers. Adv.



GILBERT K. CHESTERTON
The famed English essayist, who has recently launched into the drama with some success, declares that the European war will be a lot for two great poets. "England's defeat being impossible," he says, "and being so, the will of our war may well be the best of its advantages." Equally and enlightening promise to be the war's greatest fruits he contemplates. The war also is calculated to end the rich man's ignorance of poverty, a fact Chesterton rejoices in.

You Just Must! Come and See Our Beautiful Selections of Millinery

In Our DeGraff Building Store

—OUR MISS LEARY, WHO HAS BEEN FOR SOME TIME IN NEW YORK, SELECTING MILLINERY, IS AT HOME.

While we have been showing Fall Millinery for some time, it is just now that we are so splendidly stocked. We kept Miss Leary there until the last possible minute, waiting for and choosing the advance winter models as shown only in New York at this time. Her selections have been arriving daily—until now we are ready to spread the invitation to come and see it all. Our millinery section is located, with others, in our DeGraff Building Store 116 North Tejon Street.

Fall Gloves at Old Prices

BENNETT BUILDING

We were fortunate in having our glove orders placed before prices advanced, and at this time are selling gloves really below present wholesale prices. Gloves are especially scarce because of the fact that all gloves are either imported or are made of imported leathers. Old prices, such as ours, are indeed exceptional.

—Complete assortment of new Kid Gloves in black, white, tan, browns and gray, in all sizes \$1 and \$1.50 a pair.

D. & P. tan Cape seam Gloves, an excellent wearing street glove all sizes at \$1.25 a pair.

Our Toilet Goods Section Can Save You Money

BENNETT BUILDING

Thymoline, 25c and 30c Vantine's Vanishing Cream, 25c a tube Daggett & Ramsdell's Cold Cream, 10c to 30c Hudnut's Marvelous Cold Cream, 25c and 30c; etc.

—A beautiful new line of Manicure Sets, all in leather cases, 85c to \$5.

Gift Boxes of Perfumes—Dabrook's, Vantine's and Hudnut's odors; 25c and 30c.

British Press Bureau Has Been Rightly Named the 'Suppress Bureau' of London War Office

By HERBERT TEMPLE

LONDON, Sept. 11.—While what emerges from the press bureau is getting to be given out by the war office in Paris, Berlin and Petrograd (St. Petersburg), the British government has established a special department for the suppression of such information as the authorities think the people should have. This is known as the press bureau and is jointly maintained and supervised by the war office and the admiralty.

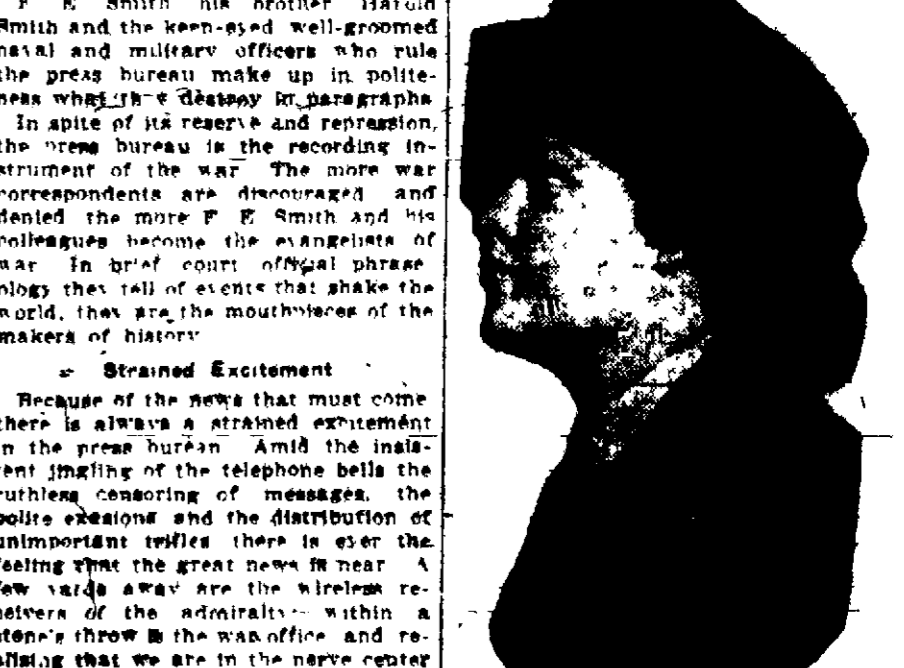
The press bureau is the clearing house for contemporary history. Through the modest upper rooms of a ramshackle building in Whitehall passes news that may thrill the world. But the world rarely learns the news in modern warfare most aptly is contraband. And express facts are impractical and the war office sits day and night an eternal information agency at considerable expense and some personal danger. The new "suppression" is like the negative cylinder of a cinematograph and it preserves its records. It has large ears and a small voice. Information pours into the bureau in floods and it trickles out in drops.

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MISS ALICE PAUL

The suffrage leader, who has already put into practice some of her plans, the fall campaign to be waged against the senators and representatives whose names appear on the suffrage "black list." The suffragists, having found but little encouragement at the hands of Democratic statesmen, will fight that part of the bill in the fall. They threaten in the political careers of their many rabid opponents in the house and senate.



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Wanted

Wanted

Wanted

LOST
Black silk vest, handkerchief, blue and green, containing \$5 bill and small amount silver, also two names on sheet of paper, Alvin Kato Wallis, South Street, and Mrs. Darby Nolan. Return to Gazette office. Reward.

KNIGHTS Templar pin, either on Pikea Peak Ave. or Santa Fe station or Santa Fe track, north. Reward at Gazette.

LOST Platinum locket with diamond pendant, lost Aug. 22, between Main and C. & S. depot. Reward, this office.

LOST On Santa Fe street car, Sat. afternoon, an envelope containing R. R. ticket money, baggage checks and letters. Reward, this office.

LOST Between Pikea Peak Ave. and Kiowa on Tejon, Tues. morning, statements and cancelled checks, Susan Smith and Dorothy Allen. Return to Gazette.

CHILD'S shepherd plaid coat, between Kiowa and Chucharas, on Tejon street, Friday afternoon. Return Gazette office. Reward.

GOLD thumb ring, lost Sept. 3 in Burg Corner drug store, Institute or Canon car, valued as gift. Please return to Gazette.

LOST Sept. 2, strand rose and gold beads in Burg theater or from Santa Miguel St. on Wabash line. Reward if returned to Gazette.

SMALL purse with hills and change, from Santa Fe depot to Tejon St. Finder return to Gazette and receive reward.

LOST Blue spring coat, silk lined, between Garden of Gods and street cars, Manitou. Return Gazette; reward.

LOST White, English female dog, small black spot on left ear. Reward at police station.

LOST Black pocketbook in Pelita, Monday morning. Return to Gazette. Reward.

LOST Small box containing 3 gold initials for pocketbook. Return this office. Reward.

LOST Pair rimless nose glasses, with chain and Western Star button. Reward, this office.

LOST Lady's black leather handbag, containing \$3 in bills and some silver. Return this office. Reward.

LOST Between 17th St. and C. & S. depot, a black leather handbag, containing \$3 in bills and some silver. Return this office. Reward.

LOST Physician's bag, black, containing white and red medicine. Reward at Gazette.

LOST Big, heavy sweater coat, in north end. Return this office. Reward.

LADY'S wheel, Dayton, No. 118; Christie saddle. Phone Main 1174, or notify Gazette. Reward.

COLORADO woman who picked up a black leather handbag, return to Gazette and receive reward.

LOST A. D. & R. G. depot, lady's blue serge jacket. Liberal reward at Gazette.

LOST Monogram watch chain; A. C. J. at or near Manitou, on Sept. 3. Reward at Gazette office.

PARIS taking suitcase from 122 E. Williams; finder receive reward at Gazette. No questions asked.

LOST At Kaufman's, nose glasses, on gold chain, with pin attached. Reward if returned to Gazette.

LOST Ticket over Rock Island to Kansas City, signed Mrs. Hal Gaylord. Reward at Gazette office.

LOST Lady's gold watch, Empire; chain, 7-10 p.m. Liberal reward. Return to Gazette.

YA SHIRT waist ring; opal setting; between 7th E. Kiowa and Wabash. Liberal reward. Return to Gazette.

LOST Pair of nose beads, initials "M. M. M." Saturday night. Return to Gazette.

LOST Black pocketbook, on Cascade, between Pikea Peak and Manitou, on Aug. 28. Return this office. Reward.

LOST Black hat, with expressman's badge, on west side. Finder please notify this office.

ON Canon car, Labor day, large hair-pin, set with rhinestones. Reward, Gazette.

TAN raincoat, Friday evening. Return to Gazette; reward.

BLACK umbrella; twisted brass handle. Return to Gazette.

ARTIFICIAL red rose, on Tejon St. Return to Gazette.

LEATHER cane, about 3 ft. long, lost in North park. Reward at Gazette.

LOST Baby's crocheted hood. Reward at Gazette office.

LOST An auto crank on Cheyenne. Finder please leave at Gazette office.

LOST Bunch of about eight keys, Sunday. Return to Gazette.

DIAMOND ring, Sunday evening. Reward at Gazette.

GREY sweater jacket, on Fountain road. Return to Gazette.

FOUR gold bars, on Tejon street car, or on Huerfano. Reward, Gazette.

LARGE matrix gold ring. Reward at this office.

LOST A set of black amber beads. Return to Gazette and receive reward.

LOST at Santa Fe depot, 3-A Kodak. Return Gazette office; reward.

LOST Gold bracelet; design, crop with jockey cap. Reward this office.

IN BILL'S. Liberal reward. Gazette office.

GOLD bar pin, engraved H. S. S. Y. Y. S. 1912. Reward, Gazette.

DARK blue silk parasol on N. Tejon street car. Reward, Gazette.

LOST Tuning hammer. Return this office. Reward.

GOLD hairpin, plain, about 1/2 inches long. Reward at Gazette.

LOST Pair gold rim spectacles. Return this office. Reward.

LOST
Shawl brown purse, Monday, p.m., on Tejon, between Kiowa and Huerfano, containing \$2 in bills and 2 nickels. Finder please notify Gazette.

PAIR spectacles, child's, between Navajo hotel and Morrison cottage on Manitou Ave. Manitou. Return to Gazette.

LOST Dollar, six strands of pearls, probably in Stratton park or Canon. Reward at Gazette office.

LOST Between Huerfano and Tejon, 233 Lincoln, black leather handbag, containing three Pearl Laine dry coupon books and \$2 bill. Reward at Gazette office.

LOST Black handbag, Friday afternoon, in or near Hub, containing some money and address book. Reward at Gazette office.

LOST Black leather handbag, containing \$10 and ticket to Delphos, Kan., and cards. Reward, Gazette.

LOST White bull terrier. Notify Main 1558.

PART of plate of false teeth. Reward at Gazette.

LOST A key on pins. Return to Gazette.

POULTRY SUNDRIES
Pigeons for sale cheap. 1815 N. Cascade. Phone Main 730.

FOR RENT ROOMS
Unfurnished
NICE rooms, sleeping porch, bath, heat, gas plate, adults. Phone 3214.

PATENTS
PATENTS OBTAINED—Fifteen years' experience. John G. Powell, Mercantile Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FOR RENT OFFICES
FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or en suite. Gazette building. Apply Gazette Business Office.

FOR RENT—One furnished office in C. & S. Bldg. Apply business office.

For Sale or Exchange
Five-room cottage; modern; fenced; large porch; sidewalks; good lawn and trees. One carport. Cheapest. Call 1111 N. Tejon street, or on carline, and other property for sale, call C. P. Walter, C. P. Walter, 6 Nevada Ave.

IMPROVED irrigated, Pecon valley, 40 to 50 acres alfalfa; 15,000 stock and stock house; 1111 N. Tejon street, or exchange for property in Colorado Springs or vicinity. W. H. Lowry, Malaga, N. M.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Equity in four-room modern bungalow, will exchange for automobile; or what have you to offer? Phone Main 2116, except Sunday.

FOR SALE or trade—One good 5-passenger car, good as new. Will sell cheap or trade for good mountain ranch, or ranch N.E. of Colo. Springs. Phone 3623.

IMPROVED 100 acres in eastern Kan., would take \$2,000 in trade for property here. This is worth considering. Call 716 E. Kiowa, J. P. M.

CIGAR, confectionery and fruit, building, fixtures, stock; good location, 1215 E. Bijou.

MODERN house, 4 rooms, corner lot; or trade for best property in Oregon or Wash. Offer, 216 Cheyenne Ave.

BOARD AND ROOMS
MODERN rooms, running hot, cold water; sleeping porches with private bath; hot water heat; winter rates. 321 N. Weber.

PLEASANT room with two meals a day in business woman's reasonable small family. Phone 35863.

THE EVERETT—Private home for the sick, sleeping porches, reasonable. Main 1232.

WANTED—Regular boarders; rates reasonable; home cooking. 825 E. Pikea Peak.

MISS HORTON, 428 N. Weber.

SHOE REPAIRING
QUICK and first-class work while you wait at Peterson's Shoe Shop, 121 E. Kiowa St. Phone Main 1278.

FOR RENT Miscellaneous
TO RENT—Shubert piano, upright, good condition. \$5 mo. 296 N. Cascade.

GRADUATE OSTEOPATH
DR. E. E. COXWAT
STILL, CHIROCHI AND FOSTER
GRADUATE COURSE UNDER
N. M. J. ALIANTIS
Expert diagnostic. General practice. Specialties: female trouble, Gout and nervous diseases. I cure by removing the causes of your trouble. Come in and be convinced. Telephone for appointments. Consultation free. Res. Phone Main 3162. Office Phone 1816. 1500 N. Tejon St. Main 1511.

DR. G. W. PAULY
and wife, graduates of osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., under Dr. A. T. Still. Osteopathy corrects the cause of diseases, and thereby prevents further disease. Office, 201-1 1/2 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 1511. Res. Phone 1511. 1500 N. Tejon St. Main 1511.

DR. J. P. O. GIBBS and Laura B. Gibbs, graduates under Dr. Still, founder of osteopathy; acute and chronic diseases. United. Call at 1511 N. Tejon St. Main 1511.

SEWING MACHINES
SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED.
We have a shop for a few days an expert sewing machinist from the factory who repairs all makes of machines, let us have your work while he is here, also some good bargains in new and used machines. Telephone 1272. HEXT MUSIC CO., 19 N. Tejon.

SINGER Sewing Machine Co. 310 N. Tejon. See our bargains in used machines. Late style. Drop-head Singers. Remounting guaranteed.

CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Sept. 11. Wheat prices today failed to maintain a rally which started after the market had fallen to a level of 10c a bushel under the high point of Saturday last. The close was nervous at the same time as last night to go down. Corn finished a shade to go off, oats with a gain of 1/4 to 1/2 c, and provisions varying from 1/4 to 1/2 c decline to an advance of 1/4 to 1/2 c. Several advices from Liverpool had considerable to do with forcing weak holders of wheat here to drop out. Supplies were said to have become so abundant at the British port that steady prices were about exhausted. It was also asserted that French demand was at an end for the present. A quick recovery ensued, due in part to the fact that country offerings had fallen off sharply during the recent drop in prices.

On the rebound, wheat buyers backed away, and offerings increased. In the end, all rates had been wiped out. Corn, like wheat, felt the effect of a surplus in prices at Liverpool. Wet, cold weather in the domestic belt, though proved nearly an offset later, especially after wheat had a temporary renewal of strength. It was said with other grain at the start, but subsequently bulged on account of heavy board dispatches telling of foreign governments buying 1,000,000 bushels or more in the last two days.

Provisions were unsettled, advancing early as a result of covering by shorts, and then averaging lower because of a continuance of liquidating sales that cut so important a figure during the early part of the week. There was a lack of southern demand for meats. Quotations furnished by Oils & Co., Open, High, Low, Close.

When	High	Low	Close
Sep. 11	114 1/2	112 1/2	114 1/2
Dec. 11	114 1/2	112 1/2	114 1/2
Mar. 11	114 1/2	112 1/2	114 1/2
May 11	114 1/2	112 1/2	114 1/2
Sep. 11	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Dec. 11	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Mar. 11	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
May 11	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Sep. 11	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Dec. 11	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Mar. 11	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
May 11	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sep. 11	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Dec. 11	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Mar. 11	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
May 11	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2

COLORADO SPRINGS STOCK QUOTATIONS

Stock	Bid	Ask
Acacia	92 1/2	92 3/4
C. & N. O.	94 1/2	94 3/4
Danley	94 1/2	94 3/4
Dr. Jack Pot	94 1/2	94 3/4
Elkton	94 1/2	94 3/4
El Paso	94 1/2	94 3/4
Fanny R.	94 1/2	94 3/4
Gold Dollar	94 1/2	94 3/4
Gold Star	94 1/2	94 3/4
Isabella	94 1/2	94 3/4
Jack Pot	94 1/2	94 3/4
Jennie Sample	94 1/2	94 3/4
Levinston	94 1/2	94 3/4
Mary McKinney	94 1/2	94 3/4
Old Gold	94 1/2	94 3/4
Pharmacist	94 1/2	94 3/4
Portland	94 1/2	94 3/4
Vindicator	94 1/2	94 3/4

UNLISTED

Stock	Bid	Ask
Golden Cycle	100	102
Jerry	100	102
L. C. M.	100	102

PROSPECTS

Stock	Bid	Ask
Banner	100	102
Black Jack	100	102
Bob Lee	100	102
Gold Road	100	102
Home	100	102
Kittie Lane	100	102
New Haven	100	102
Raven & B. H.	100	102
Requa Savage	100	102
Rose M.	100	102
Rose N.	100	102

MISCELLANEOUS

Stock	Bid	Ask
Flower West	100	102
K. K.	100	102
Texas Girl	100	102

SEPARATE SALES

Stock	Bid	Ask
Isabella	100	102

ORADSTREET'S REVIEW

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Bradstreet's will say tomorrow:

"Hopes of better trade from larger than actual transactions, and, except at a few eastern centers, the trend is tempered by conservatism, with dullness prevailing in the south. Fall festivals at numerous points have made for somewhat heavier buying, but the improvement thus reflected is only partial, and in industrial lines the pace of operations is slow. As yet American merchants are groping for foreign markets and, while progress may be made in that direction, the situation is still one of promise rather than performance."

"It is concluded that fundamental conditions are sound, crops being of excellent volume, and that ultimately crop money will make itself felt, but on the other hand, high rates for money check enthusiasm, while high prices for cotton and in industrial lines prices, hamper buying and tend to further cement buyers to the policy of awaiting developments before ordering liberally."

"Business failures for the week were 274 compared with 265 last year, in Canada, 54, compared with 27 last year. Wheat exports, 7,048,000 bushels compared with 4,473,000 last year."

METAL MARKET

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11.—Lead nominal, 82 1/4. Spelter dull and lower.

The Siege of Paris Forty-four Years Ago

from the Kansas City Star.

August 26, 14 years ago, the French minister of the interior announced that a Prussian army was marching on Paris. His announcement came on the heels of a string of newspaper stories telling of continued French victories, and Paris woke to the realization that it had been grossly deceived and misled, and that an unbelievable message was at its very doors.

At once Paris was thrown into panic. The belief spread around that news had been suppressed by the government, and that things were really much worse than was actually the case. So, side by side, preparations for flight and defense went on. There were two great streams of people, the one pouring into Paris from the provinces, and the other gathering together what of worldly possessions could be collected and transported and then fleeing from the city before the state of siege which had been declared should become an actuality.

The country all about the capital was crowded with wagons, carts and vans crammed with household possessions and supplies of food, fuel and agricultural produce. Even horses were taken from the country and driven into the city, and the heavy wagon and the gentleman's lady's carriage in the haste to pass the barriers before rise, and the attendant devil of famine, disease and death should set in. For three weeks the confusion continued unabated as the Prussians were already at the heels of the town.

There still persisted to make the confusion more great, rumors of the destruction of the city. Reports of the army's progress came to the Prussian army, leaving it in a terrible cross-roads of doubt and anguish. The Paris Journal announced that the crown prince's army of Prussians had been defeated by MacMahon and Winfield, and that the Germans, in retreat, had left 40,000 dead and wounded on the field.

The Thunderbolt.
Then broke the thunderbolt. Bazaine had been pinned in at Metz; MacMahon had been forced into Sedan by an army three times his in strength; surrender or annihilation for both (and with MacMahon, the emperor) was but a matter of a short time. And Paris was undefended.

In an incredibly short time a mob collected before the meeting place of the Corps Legislatif and overran the ministry. While the throng chanted and shouted "Vive la Republique!" the army met and announced to the "people" that the emperor had been deposed. But the mob was not yet satisfied. A provisional government was established.

The Government of National Defense, it elected to style itself, was named. For the first few days it was busy making proclamations; the senate was abolished, gates were closed, the debris of an army was culminated and urged to continue its heroic defense of the country; the revolution was justified and the republic established.

Then measures were taken to defend the city.

The siege of Paris had begun.

September 16 the commander of the fort at Vincennes telegraphed the governor of Paris: that the bridge at Joinville had been blown up and he was unable to give accurate information of the German advance, but did not believe them very near.

Before his telegram arrived German scouts, not four miles from Paris, under the guns of Fort Charenton, shelled some French marauders.

Vincennes, with a corps of 35,000 men, did not undertake to prevent or hinder the advance of the German army. The Germans and their intrenchments were left undisturbed. After a feeble artillery duel he withdrew into the capital next day.

And all that day the ranks of the German legions marched ever onward unimpeded. Through forests, where the Chians expected every instant to be attacked from behind the wonderful barriers, past remarkable defenses left unguarded; on came the conquering columns of the German host, into the royal town of Versailles.

The siege of Paris had begun.

provisions, bleaching and finishing. Machine and hand-made embroidery are produced in large quantities and there are extensive establishments producing iron goods and machinery. St. Quentin dates back to ancient times and in the early history of Europe was the crossroads of five military roads. It has had a long war history. During the Franco-Prussian war it repulsed the German attack at one time and another was the center of a great battle between the German forces under General von Goeben and the French under General Faidherbe, the French being defeated.

GUISE—A town 15 miles northeast of St. Quentin, with a population of 2,000. Its chief industry is the manufacture of iron stoves and heating apparatus, carried on through a cooperative system of works founded by J. B. A. Godin. Guise is 60 miles northeast of Paris.

BOULOGNE—A fortified seaport of northern France, 26 miles from Folkestone, England. It is situated on the shore of the English channel and has a population of about 35,000. The harbor of Boulogne is formed by the mouth of the Laine river. It has extensive docks and a large inner port. The annual value of exports from Boulogne approximately \$40,000,000, and of the imports \$40,000,000. Its fisheries annually produce \$5,000,000 worth of fish. Boulogne has had a long military history. It is believed to have been the place where Julius Caesar assembled his fleet. Henry VIII took the town by siege in 1544, but it was restored to France in 1559.

ROCRUI—A town of northern France, in the department of Ardennes, 23 miles northwest of Charleville by rail and within two miles of the Belgian frontier, with a population of about 1,000. Its fortifications, commanding the plateau between the Valley of the Meuse and the headwaters of the Aisne, form a pentagon and entirely surrounded the town. The place was fortified in the sixteenth century, subjected by the imperialists in 1555, captured by them in 1668. Its restoration to France, 1821, place a year later. In 1815 it was seized by the allies for a month.

AVENNES—A town in France, 25 miles southeast of Valenciennes and 15 miles from the Belgian border. Its population is about 6,000. The chief industry is wool spinning. In 1616 it was destroyed by Louis XI. It is the treaty of the Perpetual in 1598, it came into the possession of the French and was fortified. It was captured by the Prussians in 1815.

MALPLAQUET—A village of north-

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The realization that the best safeguards that money can buy or American genius invent are protecting you all the way will make your trip unusually pleasant.

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Standard Road of the West

To Chicago
"DENVER SPECIAL"
Electric Lighted.
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Chicago 4:00 P. M. next day.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, observation car with separate smoking room and buffet for men and parlor and library for ladies.
One night to Chicago.
Two nights to Atlantic Sea Board.
"COLORADO SPECIAL"
Electric Lighted.
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Chicago 4:00 P. M. next day.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, observation car with separate smoking room and buffet for men and parlor and library for ladies.
One night to Chicago.
Two nights to Atlantic Sea Board.
"CHICAGO EXPRESS"
Electric Lighted.
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Chicago 4:00 P. M. next day.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, observation car with separate smoking room and buffet for men and parlor and library for ladies.
One night to Chicago.
Two nights to Atlantic Sea Board.

To Kansas City and St. Louis
St. Louis, Colorado Limited.
Electric Lighted.
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Kansas City 9:15 A. M.
Arrives St. Louis 6:30 P. M.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, library observation car.
Entire train runs through to St. Louis without change.
"Denver Limited"
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Kansas City 9:15 A. M.
Arrives St. Louis 6:30 P. M.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, library observation car.
Entire train runs through to St. Louis without change.
"Atlantic Express"
Electric Lighted.
Leaves Denver 10:30 A. M.
Arrives Kansas City 9:15 A. M.
Arrives St. Louis 6:30 P. M.
Compartments and sleeping cars, steel chair cars, library observation car.
Entire train runs through to St. Louis without change.

For full information relative to rates, routes and train service, call on or address

R. G. Ruble
Assistant General Passenger Agent
941 Seventeenth Street
Denver, Colorado

DENVER LIVE STOCK

DENVER, Sept. 11.—Cattle—Receipts 50; market steady; beef steers, \$4.75; cows and heifers, \$3.50 to \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.25; calves, \$4.00 to \$4.25.
Hogs—Receipts 50; market steady; all grades, \$6.00.
Sheep—Receipts none.
CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Hogs—Receipts 8,000; market steady; bulk of sales, \$12.75; light, \$13.00 to \$13.25; mixed, \$12.50 to \$12.75; heavy, \$12.25 to \$12.50; rough, \$12.00 to \$12.25.
Cattle—Receipts 1,500; market steady; beef steers, \$4.75; cows and heifers, \$3.50 to \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.25; calves, \$4.00 to \$4.25.
Hogs—Receipts 14,000; market steady; all grades, \$6.00.
Sheep—Receipts 1,500; market steady; all grades, \$6.00.

MONEY ON CALL

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Closing: Mercantile paper, 7 per cent.
Sterling exchange steady, for cables, \$4.90; for demand, \$4.85 to \$4.90.
Bar silver, 65 1/2.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Butter, eggs, poultry unchanged.
Wheat—No. 2, 5.75; No. 3, 5.75; No. 4, 5.75; No. 5, 5.75; No. 6, 5.75; No. 7, 5.75; No. 8, 5.75; No. 9, 5.75; No. 10, 5.75; No. 11, 5.75; No. 12, 5.75; No. 13, 5.75; No. 14, 5.75; No. 15, 5.75; No. 16, 5.75; No. 17, 5.75; No. 18, 5.75; No. 19, 5.75; No. 20, 5.75; No. 21, 5.75; No. 22, 5.75; No. 23, 5.75; No. 24, 5.75; No. 25, 5.75; No. 26, 5.75; No. 27, 5.75; No. 28, 5.75; No. 29, 5.75; No. 30, 5.75; No. 31, 5.75; No. 32, 5.75; No. 33, 5.75; No. 34, 5.75; No. 35, 5.75; No. 36, 5.75; No. 37, 5.75; No. 38, 5.75; No. 39, 5.75; No. 40, 5.75; No. 41, 5.75; No. 42, 5.75; No. 43, 5.75; No. 44, 5.75; No. 45, 5.75; No. 46, 5.75; No. 47, 5.75; No. 48, 5.75; No. 49, 5.75; No. 50, 5.75; No. 51, 5.75; No. 52, 5.75; No. 53, 5.75; No. 54, 5.75; No. 55, 5.75; No. 56, 5.75; No. 57, 5.75; No. 58, 5.75; No. 59, 5.75; No. 60, 5.75; No. 61, 5.75; No. 62, 5.75; No. 63, 5.75; No. 64, 5.75; No. 65, 5.75; No. 66, 5.75; No. 67, 5.75; No. 68, 5.75; No. 69, 5.75; No. 70, 5.75; No. 71, 5.75; No. 72, 5.75; No. 73, 5.75; No. 74, 5.75; No. 75, 5.75; No. 76, 5.75; No. 77, 5.75; No. 78, 5.75; No. 79, 5.75; No. 80, 5.75; No. 81, 5.75; No. 82, 5.75; No. 83, 5.75; No. 84, 5.75; No. 85, 5.75; No. 86, 5.75; No. 87, 5.75; No. 88, 5.75; No. 89, 5.75; No. 90, 5.75; No. 91, 5.75; No. 92, 5.75; No. 93, 5.75; No. 94, 5.75; No. 95, 5.75; No. 96, 5.75; No. 97, 5.75; No. 98, 5.75; No. 99, 5.75; No. 100, 5.75; No. 101, 5.75; No. 102, 5.75; No. 103, 5.75; No. 104, 5.75; No. 105, 5.75; No. 106, 5.75; No. 107, 5.75; No. 108, 5.75; No. 109, 5.75; No. 110, 5.75; No. 111, 5.75; No. 112, 5.75; No. 113, 5.75; No. 114, 5.75; No. 115, 5.75; No. 116, 5.75; No. 117, 5.75; No. 118, 5.75; No. 119, 5.75; No. 120, 5.75; No. 121, 5.75; No. 122, 5.75; No. 123, 5.75; No. 124, 5.75; No. 125, 5.75; No. 126, 5.75; No. 127, 5.75; No. 128, 5.75; No. 129, 5.75; No. 130, 5.75; No. 131, 5.75; No. 132, 5.75; No. 133, 5.75; No. 134, 5.75; No. 135, 5.75; No. 136, 5.75; No. 137, 5.75; No. 138, 5.75; No. 139, 5.75; No. 140, 5.75; No. 141, 5.75; No. 142, 5.75; No. 143, 5.75; No. 144, 5.75; No. 145, 5.75; No. 146, 5.75; No. 147, 5.75; No. 148, 5.75; No. 149, 5.75; No. 150, 5.75; No. 151, 5.75; No. 152, 5.75; No. 153, 5.75; No. 154, 5.75; No. 155, 5.75; No. 156, 5.75; No. 157, 5.75; No. 158, 5.75; No. 159, 5.75; No. 160, 5.75; No. 161, 5.75; No. 162, 5.75; No. 163, 5.75; No. 164, 5.75; No. 165, 5.75; No. 166, 5.75; No. 167, 5.75; No. 168, 5.75; No. 169, 5.75; No. 170, 5.75; No. 171, 5.75; No. 172, 5.75; No. 173, 5.75; No. 174, 5.75; No. 175, 5.75; No. 176, 5.75; No. 177, 5.75; No. 178, 5.75; No. 179, 5.75; No. 180, 5.75; No. 181, 5.75; No. 182, 5.75; No. 183, 5.75; No. 184, 5.75; No. 1

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FOR SALE Well paper and
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Good thing for right party. I
can't able to look after the
ary so is willing to dispose of
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LARGE heating stove, iron-wheel was on, 10-ft. counter. Trusty incubator, brooder, plow, plate urinal, marble & whitened, hot poplar locker doors, gas range, 5-pass. auto, just overhauled. Sylvester blacksmith shop, Cuchara and Cascade. Phone 4006W.

OVER 200 BOOKS FROM 10c to \$1.00
Library; 50c for large volumes and 25c
and less for smaller books. 1511 Wash-
ington Ave.

I HAVE fine strawberry plants for
sale; will give instructions or will
set them for you. L. W. Second, Ivy
wild, City. Phone 2028.

FOR SALE—Seven-horse Indian motorcycle and side car; late model, best condition. 1125 Washington

BICYCLES—Some Iver Johnsons, a most new; others, cheap. Barn, 114 N. Nevada.

PRESSED PAPER MATS for lining chicken houses and outbuildings, for sale at this office.

FOR SALE—14 vols. "Mémoires
Courts de Europe." \$2. Address G-9
Gazette.

ITALIAN coral necklace and Bohemian
garnet bracelet. Call Edinger's Cal
teria, Manitou.

FOR SALE—1914 Touring car, nearly new. Alvin Porter, 711 N. Weber St.

FOR SALE—Desirable tent cottage. Stratton Park. Address 17 Stratton Park.

FOR quick sale, will dispose of my

FOR SALE—1914 Touring car, nearly new. Alvin Porter, 711 N. Weber St.

FOR SALE—Desirable tent cottage. Stratton Park. Address 17 Stratton Park.

FOR quick sale, will dispose of my

MOTORCYCLE for sale, in good running order; \$30. 615 W. Platte.

SOUND old mare to trade for run about buggy. 229 North Spruce.

HOT WATER heater and laundry stove combined. 418 N. Nevada.
NINE milk cows, fresh and coming fresh. Wright ranch, 514 S. Institutional.
FOR SALE—White Pomeranian male pup, five months old. Phone Red 94.

SECOND-HAND gas water heater. 8
E. Williams, Otto. Main 3377.
SMALL oxy-acetylene welding pla
for sale, cheap. Ford Electric Co.
FOR SALE—F. figured bull dogs.
S. Weber, Phone M. 1002.

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Monument Phone 4061W.

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